SPARTANBURG SANITARY SEWER DISTRICT



Spartanburg, South Carolina Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ending June 30, 2019 and 2018 I. INTRODUCTORY SECTION

SPARTANBURG SANITARY SEWER DISTRICT SPARTANBURG, SOUTH CAROLINA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

> SUBMITTED BY: FINANCE DEPARTMENT

SPARTANBURG SANITARY SEWER DISTRICT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

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Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District Officials

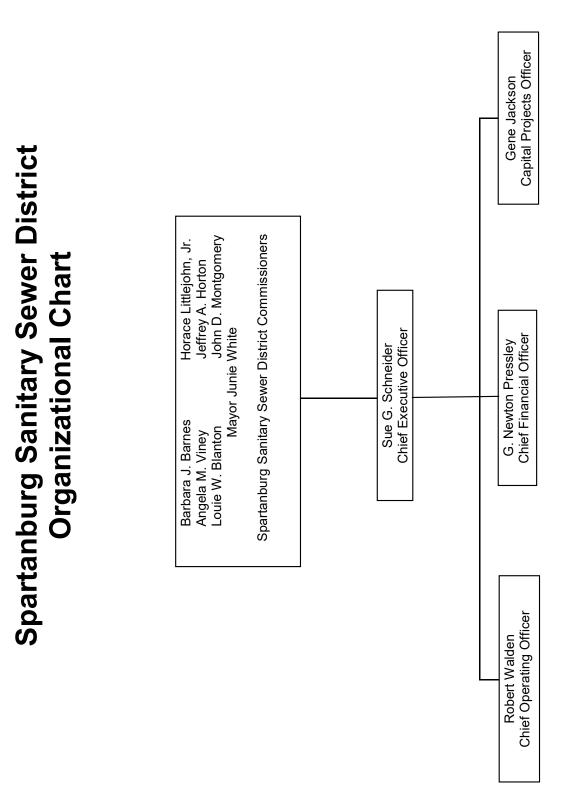
List of Commissioners and Senior Management Staff

Commissioners

Louie W. Blanton	Chairman
Barbara J. Barnes	Commissioner
Jeffrey A. Horton	Commissioner
Horace C. Littlejohn, Jr	
John D. Montgomery.	
Angela M. Viney	
Mayor Junie White	Commissioner

Senior Management Staff

Sue G. Schneider	Chief Executive Officer
G. Newton Pressley	Chief Financial Officer
Robert Walden	
Gene Jackson	
	5



THE COMMISSION OF PUBLIC WORKS OF THE CITY OF SPARTANBURG, SC

Horace C. Littlejohn, Jr. John D. Montgomery Angela M. Viney

Sue G. Schneider, Chief Executive Officer G. Newton Pressley, Chief Financial Officer Robert F. Walden, Chief Operating Officer Charles E. Jackson, P.E., Capital Projects Officer



SPARTANBURG SANITARY SEWER DISTRICT COMMISSION

Barbara J. Barnes Louie W. Blanton Jeffrey A. Horton Horace C. Littlejohn, Jr. John D. Montgomery Angela M. Viney Junie White

Letter of Transmittal December 2, 2019

To the Commissioners and Customers of the Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District ("the District") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District's management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

The District's management has established a system of internal accounting controls designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance for the safeguarding of assets and financial statement preparation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of internal controls should not exceed the benefits.

The District is required by state law to publish an annual financial report audited by a certified public accountant and this CAFR fulfills that requirement. McAbee, Schwartz, Halliday & Co., Certified Public Accountants, conducted the independent audit of the District's financial statements. The objective was to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The audit was conducted in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. McAbee, Schwartz, Halliday & Co. issued an unmodified opinion that the District's financial statements are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

A Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is provided in the financial section of this report. The MD&A serves as a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the District's financial statements. This Letter of Transmittal is intended to compliment the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE DISTRICT

The District is a special purpose district that was originally established by Act No. 556 of 1929 to provide sewer trunkline and treatment services. The General Assembly further empowered the District through Act No. 1503 of 1970 to provide sewage collection services in addition to transportation and treatment services. On January 1, 2008, the District acquired the City of Spartanburg sewer collection system, previously designated as "Subdistrict A." Currently, there is one subdistrict: "Subdistrict B" is comprised of areas north of the City and is responsible for providing sewage collection services to its residents. Since 1970 the District has assumed primary responsibility for providing sewage collection service to other areas of the District.

The District is located in Spartanburg County, which is located in the northwest Piedmont section of South Carolina on the I-85 corridor between Atlanta, Georgia and Charlotte, North Carolina. The current boundaries of the District encompass 137,911 acres (215.49 square miles) and include the municipalities of Spartanburg, Cowpens, Landrum, Pacolet, and Central Pacolet, and portions of three other special purpose districts, which include the Inman-Campobello Water District, the Liberty-Chesnee-Fingerville Water District and the Startex-Jackson-Wellford-Duncan Water District.

The District is governed by a seven member Commission, all of whom are elected from within the boundaries of the District. The Mayor of the City of Spartanburg ("City") and the three members of the Commission of Public Works of the City of Spartanburg ("CPW") serve as ex officio members of the Commission. The remaining three members are elected from the area of the District outside the City limits. These three members serve concurrent four-year terms.

The District presently operates eight regional treatment facilities: Clifton-Converse, Cowpens, Fairforest, Lower North Tyger River, Pacolet Mills, Fingerville, Page Creek (Landrum) and South Tyger River. In addition, the District operates one large transfer station at Lawson Fork and 75 pump stations throughout the service area, and 1,043 miles of pipeline, of which 371 miles was acquired from the City of Spartanburg as of January 1, 2008.

LOCAL ECONOMY

Spartanburg County possesses a diversified business and industry base. The following types of industry represent major employers in Spartanburg County: automotive, research and development on yarns/chemicals, flexible plastic packaging materials, radial truck tires, china plumbing fixtures, catalog printing and binding, non-woven materials and consumer specialty bags. Spartanburg County has the highest per capita international investment in the nation. The County has an available, skilled labor force and has taken advantage of the State's excellent worker training programs. Other major employers in the area include public schools, state and local governments, and health care providers.

The city serves as the national headquarters for Denny's, QS/1, and Advance America. The Chapman Cultural Center serves Spartanburg's cultural community for visual and performing arts, science and history. The 86,000-square-foot center is in downtown Spartanburg, adjacent to Barnet Park. The USC Upstate George Dean Johnson, Jr. College of Business and Economics is located in the heart of downtown Spartanburg.

Spartanburg County's unemployment rate in June 2019 was 3.5%, as compared with the state rate of 3.6% and the national rate of 3.7%.

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The District adopts an annual operating budget for management and financial planning purposes. The District's computerized financial planning and rate-setting model is updated annually to provide for a fiveyear financial plan. Capital improvement plans, and applicable debt service projections for future bond issues, are incorporated in the financial planning process. The five-year plan is reviewed with the Commission, which adopts the budget and rates for the upcoming year only. The overall objective of the financial planning process is to minimize the impact of customer rate increases, while maintaining required debt service coverage. Other considerations of the financial planning process include: volume trends by customer class; maintaining sufficient fund balances to meet the District's operations, maintenance, and capital improvement needs; growth trends for various expenditure categories; and the comparison of customer rates to other utilities in the region. During the fiscal year, financial management tracking includes the following: monthly preparation and analytical review of departmental and company-wide financial reports; significant expenditure variances require follow-up with the responsible budget manager; the company-wide financial report is presented at the monthly Commission meeting; utility user charges are monitored monthly in relation to the approved budget and historical results; the tracking of utility user charges is performed for revenues and flows by customer class.

The Red Flags Rule is federal legislation that requires government agencies, including utilities, to develop written, board-approved programs designed to detect, prevent, and mitigate identity theft. A written Red Flags Identity Theft Prevention Program was approved by the Commissioners on April 28, 2009; the program details the procedures implemented to verify the identity of applicants opening new accounts and to protect sensitive customer information such as social security numbers, bank account information, and credit card numbers. The Red Flags Rule program is monitored on an ongoing basis to ensure compliance with procedures and to provide training. The annual Red Flags Program report was provided at the June 25, 2019 Commission meeting. Management concluded that the program is effective, the policies and procedures have been followed, and that the internal controls and electronic security measures are protecting sensitive customer data.

The District's cash management policy provides that available funds are invested overnight and longerterm in accordance with state law, which permits the following types of investments: obligations of the U.S. and its agencies, general obligations of the State of South Carolina and its subdivisions, savings and loan associations to the extent of federal insurance, certificates of deposit collaterally secured, repurchase agreements secured by the foregoing obligations, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. For more information regarding the June 30, 2019 investment distribution, see Note 2 to the Financial Statements.

The District is a member of the South Carolina Retirement System, one of four defined benefit retirement systems administered and maintained by the Retirement Division of the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA). For information regarding the District's retirement plan, see Note 6 to the Financial Statements.

For information regarding the District's risk management function, see Note 9 to the Financial Statements.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

The increase in net position for fiscal year 2019 was \$4,216,981, an 8.5% increase for the fiscal year. The customer base increased by 893 accounts, or 2.0%, for fiscal year 2019. The average annual growth rate over the past five years was 2.4%. Debt service coverage of 110% is required by the District's revenue bond covenant. The fiscal year 2019 debt service coverage ratio based on the revenue bond covenant was 174%. A recent rate survey of comparable utilities in the region indicated that the District's customer rates compared favorably with the majority of the agencies in the survey.

Various funds are maintained to meet the operational, maintenance, and capital improvement needs of the district. The Depreciation Fund provides for the renovation and replacement of operational equipment and system facilities, and has been adequately funded in recent years with a June 30, 2019 balance of \$4,518,656. The Collection System Rehab Fund provides for the evaluation, maintenance and replacement of the collection system; the year-end balance is \$2,688,904. The Rate Stabilization Fund, which was established to provide for the smoother transition of future rate increases, has a balance of \$3,530,566 at June 30, 2019.

AWARDS

Spartanburg Water (Spartanburg Water System and Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District) was the recipient of two national awards at the National Association of Clean Water Agencies (NACWA). Spartanburg Water was the sole recipient of *The Water Resources Utility of the Future Award*, given to member agencies that demonstrate bold, transformational leadership in managing resources, partnering effectively in local economic development, and engaging stakeholders – resulting in environmental, economic, and social benefits. Spartanburg Water was recognized for its innovative programs to engage its customers, including Choose Tap, Water Matter and events like Paddle Fest and Lake Sweep. *The Public Information & Education Awards* honor agencies for their inventive efforts to educate the public on the effects of wastewater treatment and pollution control on the environment.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the sixteenth year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We appreciate the support of the Commissioners and the dedication of all our District employees.

Respectfully Submitted,

Sue G. Schneider Chief Executive officer

6 Au G. Newton Pressley

Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District

South Carolina

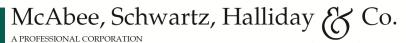
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christophen P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO

II. FINANCIAL SECTION



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

To the Commissioners and Officers of Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District 200 Commerce Street Spartanburg, South Carolina

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District as of and for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Commissioners and Officers of Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District Page Two

Emphasis-of-Matter

As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, in the year ended June 30, 2018, the Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of the District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability and employer contributions, and schedules of changes in the net OPEB liability and related ratios and employer contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District's basic financial statements. The schedules of operating expenses and the introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedules of operating expenses is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of operating expenses are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

McAbee, Schwartz, Haliday & Co.

Spartanburg, South Carolina December 2, 2019

Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District Management's Discussion and Analysis

This Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") serves as an introduction to the basic financial statements and provides a narrative overview and analysis of the District's financial condition and performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This information should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the District's financial statements, as listed in the table of contents included in this report.

Financial Highlights

As of June 30, 2019, total assets of \$220,959,661 and deferred outflows of resources of \$7,947,951 exceed total liabilities of \$174,378,716 and deferred inflows of resources of \$482,447 by \$54,046,449. For fiscal year 2018, total assets of \$224,380,565 and deferred outflows of resources of \$8,624,959 exceeded total liabilities of \$182,968,983 and deferred inflows of resources of \$207,073 by \$49,829,468.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, increase in net position, before capital contributions, was \$2,233,760. The District's increase in net position, after capital contributions of \$1,983,221, was \$4,216,981. For fiscal year 2018, increase in net position, before capital contributions, was \$2,116,851, and increase in net position, after capital contributions of \$2,004,843, was \$4,121,694.

For fiscal year 2019, operating revenues increased by \$1,027,687 to \$27,146,609, or 3.9%, non-operating revenues increased by \$705,044 to \$8,134,165, or 9.5%, and total expenses increased by \$1,615,822 to \$33,047,014 or 5.1%. For fiscal year 2018, operating revenues decreased by \$211,355 to \$26,118,922, or 0.8%. For fiscal year 2018, non-operating revenues increased by \$612,256 to \$7,429,121, or 9.0%, and total expenses decreased by \$524,554 to \$31,431,192, or 1.6%.

Debt service coverage of 110% is required by the District's revenue bond covenant. The fiscal year 2019 debt service coverage ratio based on the revenue bond covenant was 174%. The fiscal year 2018 total District debt service coverage ratio was 154%.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements of the District report information about the District using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.

The Statements of Net Position present the District's financial position and reports information on all of the assets (resources owned by the District), deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (obligations of the District), and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources reported as net position.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. Revenue is reported when earned, and expenses are reported when incurred. This statement measures the success of the District's operations over the past year and serves as the basis for determining the District's actual Debt Service Coverage Ratio, as required by the District's revenue bond covenant.

The Statements of Cash Flows reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating, investing, and financing activities. This statement provides information as to where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in the cash balance during the reporting period.

Financial Analysis of the District

The Condensed Statements of Net Position are provided below as a summary of Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position for the years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017.

2018 Restated 2019 2017 Restated Assets \$ 51,085,479 Current and noncurrent assets \$ 47,664,609 46,352,816 \$ 173,295,052 172.885.930 Capital assets 178,027,749 223,971,409 **Total Assets** \$ 220,959,661 \$ 224,380,565 \$ Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred loss on refundings \$ 6,532,883 7,090,095 7,647,318 \$ \$ Deferred amounts related to pension 907,900 1,095,186 998,833 Deferred amounts related to OPEB 507,168 439,678 **Total Deferred Outflows of Resources** \$ 7,947,951 \$ 8,624,959 8,646,151 \$ Liahilities Current liabilities \$ 9,322,465 \$ 11,693,035 \$ 10,084,318 Noncurrent liabilities 173,135,485 165,056,251 171,275,948 **Total Liabilities** 174,378,716 \$ 182,968,983 \$ 183,219,803 \$ **Deferred Inflows of Resources** Deferred amounts related to pensions \$ 398,085 \$ 134,852 \$ Deferred amounts related to OPEB 84.362 72,221 **Total Deferred Inflows of Resources** \$ 482,447 \$ 207,073 \$ Net Position Net investment in capital assets \$ 36,086,305 37,037,115 41.632.938 \$ \$ Unrestricted 17 960 144 12 792 353 7,764,819 **Total Net Position** 54,046,449 49,829,468 49,397,757 \$ \$ \$

Financial Analysis of the District Condensed Statements of Net Position

Current and noncurrent assets increased by \$1,311,793 to \$47,664,609 and decreased \$4,732,663 to \$46,352,816 in fiscal year 2019 and 2018, respectively, primarily due to an increase in cash and investments. Additionally, capital assets decreased by \$4,732,697 to \$173,295,052 in fiscal year 2019 and increased by \$5,141,819 to \$178,027,749 in fiscal year 2018. See Capital assets section on page 9 for further explanation.

For the current fiscal year the District's long-term debt, including current maturities, decreased by \$6,099,784 to \$158,649,201 or 3.7% and increased by \$5,888,550 or 3.5% for the prior fiscal year.

Current and noncurrent assets included cash and investments of \$41,497,529 and \$39,754,923 as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The distribution by fund of the year-end balances is provided below:

Fund	2019	2018
Operating	\$ 5,096,620	\$ 4,378,752
Debt service trust account	3,321,981	3,455,165
Debt service reserve account	4,226,101	4,206,144
Rate stabilization	3,530,566	3,445,416
Depreciation	4,518,656	3,818,522
Collection system rehab	2,688,904	2,524,839
Capital project funds		
Capital	11,493,046	8,552,362
Bond funds	6,621,655	 9,373,722
Total cash and investments	\$ 41,497,529	\$ 39,754,923

Also included in current and noncurrent assets for fiscal year 2019 are receivables of \$5,122,992, with the substantial portion associated with user charge receivables, as follows: billed, not collected, net of allowance for doubtful accounts \$1,462,449, amount collected by Spartanburg Water System and transferred to the District after year-end \$2,199,325 and revenue earned but not yet billed \$1,397,048. For fiscal year 2018, the receivables of \$5,589,365, with the substantial portion associated with user charge receivables, as follows: billed, not collected, net of allowance for doubtful accounts \$1,426,256, amount collected by Spartanburg Water System and transferred to the District after year-end \$2,274,242 and revenue earned but not yet billed \$1,825,586.

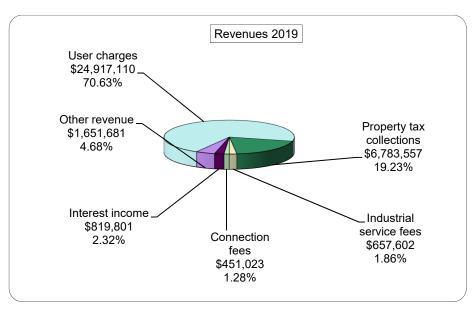
Current liabilities as of June 30, 2019, included accounts payable from operating funds of \$437,089, and accounts payable from capital funds of \$174,880, retainage payable of \$574,518 and the intercompany payable to the Spartanburg Water System of \$943,839 that is included in other payables. June 30, 2018 current liabilities included accounts payable from operating funds of \$469,210, and accounts payable from capital funds of \$2,227,183, retainage payable of \$594,514 and the inter-company payable to the Spartanburg Water System of \$895,852 that is included in other payables.

The Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position are provided below as a summary for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017.

	2019	Restated 2018	Restated 2017
Revenues			
Operating revenues			
User charge revenues	\$ 24,917,110	\$ 24,701,500	\$ 25,081,281
Other operating revenues	2,229,499	1,417,422	1,248,996
	27,146,609	26,118,922	26,330,277
Nonoperating revenues			
Property tax collections	6,783,557	6,340,946	6,038,111
Other nonoperating revenue	1,350,608	1,088,175	778,754
	8,134,165	7,429,121	6,816,865
Total revenues	35,280,774	33,548,043	33,147,142
Expenses			
Operating expenses, before depreciation	15,887,314	14,501,674	14,523,095
Depreciation expense	10,421,350	10,213,381	10,371,935
Non-operating expenses	6,738,350	6,716,137	7,060,716
Total expenses	33,047,014	31,431,192	31,955,746
Change in net position before capital			
contributions	2,233,760	2,116,851	1,191,396
Capital contributions	1,983,221	2,004,843	3,678,468
Change in net position	4,216,981	4,121,694	4,869,864
Net position, beginning of year, restated (2018)	49,829,468	45,707,774	44,527,893
Net position, end of year	\$ 54,046,449	\$ 49,829,468	\$ 49,397,757

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Revenues (excluding capital contributions) of \$35,280,774 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, were comprised of the following:



User charge revenue increased from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019 by \$215,610, or 0.87%, primarily due to an increase in usage. The decrease from fiscal year 2017 to fiscal year 2018 was \$379,781, or 1.5%, primarily due to a decrease in usage.

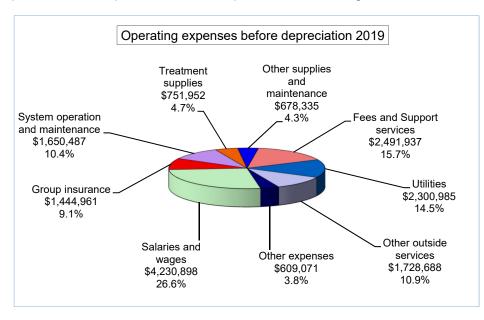
Pursuant to Act No. 1503 of 1970, the District has the authority to levy taxes uniformly throughout the District. The tax revenue may be used to pay debt service on eligible General Obligation ("G.O.") debt and to pay administrative expenses for the District. Property tax revenue was \$6,783,557 and increased by \$442,611, or 6.98% primarily due to the increase in real estate and fee in lieu tax collections. Property tax revenue during fiscal year 2019 consisted of: real property of \$5,168,576, vehicles of \$596,593, delinquent taxes of \$139,401, homestead reimbursement of \$243,349, and other sources of \$635,638. Property tax revenue for fiscal year 2018 was \$6,340,946 and consisted of: real property of \$4,816,376 vehicles of \$610,044, delinquent taxes of \$181,261, homestead reimbursement of \$243,701 and other sources of \$489,546 which was an increase of \$302,835, or 5.00%, which was also attributed to an increase in vehicle tax collections, fee in lieu taxes and a full year of the bond millage for the 2016 GO Bond.

For the calendar year 2019, the operating and bond millage are 7.5 and 1.1, respectively; in comparison to 7.8 and 1.1, respectively in calendar year 2018.

Interest income increased \$438,694, or 115.1%, to \$819,801 for fiscal year 2019, due to rising interest rates, following an increase of \$174,932, or 84.8% in fiscal year 2018, due to the increased investment in capital and rate stabilization accounts.

Industrial service fees of \$657,602 included industrial service charges of \$317,152 and industrial surcharge revenues of \$340,450 for fiscal year 2019 compared to a total of \$566,058 for fiscal year 2018.

Other revenue includes intercompany reimbursements, grease and septage disposal fee, service processing/inspection fees, miscellaneous cost recoveries including the PCB settlement from the insurance reserve fund of \$675,000, and sewer collection fees.



Operating expenses before depreciation were comprised of the following:

The following tables provide a comparison of fiscal year 2019 and 2018 and fiscal year 2018 and 2017 operating expenses for major expense categories.

			Increase/(I	Decrease)
Expense Category			From 201	8 to 2019
	2019	2018	Amount	% of Change
Salaries and wages	\$ 4,230,898	\$ 4,208,436	\$ 22,462	0.5%
Group insurance	1,444,961	1,059,410	385,551	36.4%
System operation and maintenance	1,650,487	1,618,098	32,389	2.0%
Treatment supplies	751,952	521,077	230,875	44.3%
Other supplies and maintenance	678,335	723,985	(45,650)	-6.3%
Fees and support services	2,491,937	2,405,163	86,774	3.6%
Utilities	2,300,985	1,935,383	365,602	18.9%
Other outside services	1,728,688	1,435,883	292,805	20.4%
Other expenses	609,071	594,239	14,832	2.5%
Total operating expenses				
before depreciation	\$ 15,887,314	\$ 14,501,674	\$ 1,385,640	9.6%

Comparison of operating expenses before depreciation

			Increase/(D)ecrease)
Expense Category			From 2017	′ to 2018
	2018	2017	 Amount	% of Change
Salaries and wages	\$ 4,208,436	\$ 4,192,755	\$ 15,681	0.4%
Group insurance	1,059,410	1,173,516	(114,106)	-9.7%
System operation and maintenance	1,618,098	1,559,311	58,787	3.8%
Treatment supplies	521,077	710,051	(188,974)	-26.6%
Other supplies and maintenance	723,985	802,868	(78,883)	-9.8%
Fees and support services	2,405,163	2,253,368	151,795	6.7%
Utilities	1,935,383	1,909,984	25,399	1.3%
Other outside services	1,435,883	1,397,458	38,425	2.7%
Other expenses	 594,239	 523,784	 70,455	13.5%
Total operating expenses				
before depreciation	\$ 14,501,674	\$ 14,523,095	\$ (21,421)	-0.1%

Operating expenses, before depreciation, increased by \$1,385,640, or 9.6% from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019, primarily due to an increase in treatment supplies, group insurance, utilities and legal fees. The decrease from fiscal year 2017 to fiscal year 2018 was \$21,421, or 0.1%, primarily due to a decrease in group insurance and treatment supplies and offset by an increase in other expenses. Highlights of the fiscal years 2019-2018 expense comparison is provided below:

- > The Group insurance increase resulted from an unfavorable claims experience for fiscal year 2019.
- The Treatment supplies increase was primarily associated with a usage increase of chemicals at the Landrum, North Tyger, Fairforest and solids management facilities, due to abnormally high rainfall from September 2018 to February 2019. The flow increase associated with the rainfall required more chemical usage for the treatment.
- The Utilities increase was primarily due to power costs associated with increased pumping to the Pacolet River from the Fairforest Facility.
- The Other outside services line item includes Legal Fees, Uniform rentals, Consulting services, Audit fees, Postage and delivery expense and other outside services. The fiscal year 2019 increase is primarily due to Legal fees incurred regarding litigation in conjunction with PCB damages.
- The other line items reflected no significant change in the comparison of fiscal year 2019 to fiscal year 2018.

Non-operating expenses totaled \$6,738,380 for the year and consisted of interest expense and paying agent fees. Total interest expense and paying agent fees increased by \$22,213.

Capital Contributions

The District receives contributions from developers in the form of cash payments and donated lines; and occasionally, contributions from federal/state agencies in the form of grants for capital projects. Accounting principles generally accepted by the United States of America require that these contributions be reflected as a revenue source on the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. Capital contributions for fiscal year 2019 totaled \$1,983,221, a decrease of \$21,622 or 1.08%, and were comprised of donated lines. The most significant capital contributions during fiscal year 2019 are as follows: The Village at Anderson Mill, 2010 Nazareth Church Rd., Millsgate Subdivision, Kensington Creek Phase II and Orchards at Reidville Ph2. Capital contributions for fiscal year 2018 totaled \$2,004,843, a decrease of \$1,673,625, or 45.5%, from fiscal year 2017 and were comprised of donated lines. The most significant capital contributions for fiscal year 2018 totaled \$2,004,843, a decrease of \$1,673,625, or 45.5%, from fiscal year 2018 were as follows: TRIP North Ph 2.1, Quik Trip, Peachtree Park, Myers Park and District 7 Elementary School.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2019, the District had \$173,295,052 invested in capital assets, as provided in the schedule below:

Capital Assets at Year-End								
Restated Restated Restated								
		2019		2018		2017		
Treatment plants, interceptor lines, and collection lines	\$	304,244,707	\$	298,330,217	\$	293,837,853		
Other facilities and property		1,845,999		1,845,999		1,845,999		
Vehicles, office and maintenance equipment		17,067,272		16,570,036		14,887,529		
Construction in progress		12,750,372		13,881,578		4,871,925		
Subtotal		335,908,350		330,627,830		315,443,306		
Accumulated depreciation		(162,613,298)		(152,600,081)		(142,557,376)		
Capital assets - net of depreciation	\$	173,295,052	\$	178,027,749	\$	172,885,930		

The fiscal year 2019 overall decrease in capital assets was a result of the increase in Treatment plants, interceptor lines, and collection lines, decrease in construction in progress and increase in current year depreciation. The Treatment plants, interceptor lines, and collection lines increase was primarily due to current and prior year construction projects completed with an offsetting decrease in donated sewer lines. The net decrease for construction in progress resulted primarily from the following closed projects: Greenville Branch Creek Sewer Interceptor Rehab, LNTR Basin Sewer Rehab Phase III and Pacolet Mills Liner Replacement.

The fiscal year 2018 overall increase in capital assets was a result of an increase in Treatment plants, interceptor lines, and collection lines, increase in construction in progress and current year depreciation. The Treatment plants, interceptor lines, and collection lines increase was primarily due to current and prior year construction projects completed with an offsetting decrease in donated sewer lines. The net increase for construction in progress resulted primarily from the following: LNTR WWTP Expansion & Upgrade, Greenville Branch Creek Sewer Interceptor Rehab, LNTR Basin Sewer Rehab Phase III and Pacolet Mills Liner Replacement.

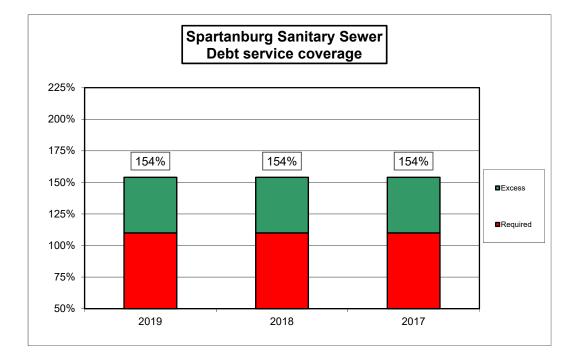
Debt Administration

Debt Service Coverage

In the District's revenue bond resolution, the District covenants and agrees that it will, at all times, prescribe and maintain and thereafter collect rates and charges for the services and facilities furnished by the system which, together with other income, are reasonably expected to yield annual net earnings in the current fiscal year equal to at least 110% of the annual principal and interest requirements for all revenue bonds outstanding in such fiscal year, plus 100% of debt service on any general obligation bonds not paid from ad valorem tax receipts. The computation of net earnings is presented by the detailed schedule of Debt Service Coverage, which is provided in the statistical section of this report.

The District's historical debt service coverage is summarized by the table below:

Debt Service Coverage	2019	2018	2017
Net earnings per Revenue bond covenant	\$ 15,714,545	\$ 15,644,508	\$ 15,619,578
Debt service requiring coverage, per covenant			
Revenue bond debt service	9,049,389	9,043,103	9,090,061
G.O. Debt service paid with revenues	-	-	-
Debt service amount for coverage test	\$ 9,049,389	\$ 9,043,103	\$ 9,090,061
Debt service coverage ratio based on revenue covenant	1.74	1.73	1.72
Net earnings per revenue bond covenant	15,714,545	15,644,509	15,619,578
Plus: Ad valorem taxes used for G.O. debt service	3,215,995	3,219,960	2,967,750
Adjusted net earnings	\$ 18,930,540	\$ 18,864,469	\$ 18,587,328
Total District debt service	\$ 12,265,384	\$ 12,263,063	\$ 12,057,811
Total District debt coverage ratio	1.54	1.54	1.54



Outstanding Debt at Year-End

The District had \$151,523,259 in debt outstanding at year-end, as scheduled below:

	Average	Outstanding Debt			
	Yield	2019	2018	2017	
Long-term Debt					
General Obligation Bonds					
2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	3.75%	\$ 12,020,000	\$ 12,020,000	\$ 12,020,000	
2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2.89%	5,005,000	5,730,000	6,425,000	
2013 General Obligation Bonds	2.50%	3,455,000	3,455,000	3,455,000	
2014 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2.20%	5,352,000	6,052,000	6,737,000	
2016 General Obligation Bonds	2.52%	14,455,000	14,770,000	15,075,000	
		40,287,000	42,027,000	43,712,000	
Revenue Bonds					
2009A Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds	3.97%	2,435,000	3,585,000	4,685,000	
2009B Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds	3.97%	12,595,000	13,860,000	15,070,000	
2011 Sewer Taxable Revenue Bond	3.49%	475,000	1,445,000	2,385,000	
2013A Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds	3.55%	8,380,000	8,380,000	8,380,000	
2013B Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds	3.55%	50,125,000	50,125,000	50,125,000	
2014A Revenue Refunding Bonds	3.86%	4,195,000	4,320,000	4,440,000	
2014B Convertible Refunding Bonds	3.86%	32,960,000	33,330,000	33,685,000	
		111,165,000	115,045,000	118,770,000	
Loans					
State Revolving Fund Loan	3.50%	71,259	126,844	181,197	
Total Debt Outstanding		\$ 151,523,259	\$ 157,198,844	\$ 162,663,197	

For more information on changes in long-term debt, see Note 4 to the financial statements.

G.O. Debt Limit

The District may issue G.O. debt up to an amount equal to 8% of the last certified District assessment, without the requirement of conducting a referendum. Current G.O. debt capacity is determined as follows:

Final 2018 Assessed Value, less	
mfg. depreciation reduction	\$ 708,139,488
G.O. debt ceiling percentage	8%
Current G.O. debt ceiling	 56,651,159
Less: outstanding G.O. debt	40,287,000
Available G.O. debt capacity	\$ 16,364,159

Bond Ratings

The District improved the following ratings during fiscal year 2019:

Agency	Revenue	G.O.
Standard & Poor's	AA	AA
Moody's	Aa3	Aa3

Financial Planning

Although the District does not have a legally adopted budget, an annual operating budget is adopted for management and financial planning purposes. The District conducts an update of the financial planning process as follows: departmental staffing plans, detailed budget requests, and depreciation schedules are prepared; District-wide budget information, including revenues, flow estimates, debt service, cost allocations, etc., are completed; capital improvement plans, and applicable debt service projections are utilized for long-term financial planning; the computerized financial planning and rate-setting model is updated to provide for a five-year financial projection; the annual operating budget is presented to the Commission; and a public hearing is advertised and held prior to final approval of the budget, tax levy, and user charges.

The District Commission approved an Annual operating budget for fiscal year 2020 in the total amount of \$34,802,395, which represents a 6.0% increase over the previous year's budgeted revenues and expenditures. The fiscal year 2020 budget included funding of reserves as follows: Depreciation fund - \$2,000,000; Capital - \$2,445,000; and the Collection system rehab fund - \$1,200,000.

Other Significant Matters

Collection System Rehab Program

The District has continued rehab program efforts associated with the Collection System infrastructure. These project activities include sewer line rehab work, creek crossings, manhole rehab work, right-of-way clearing, and large line cleaning.

Monthly Billing

Spartanburg Water System and Sanitary Sewer District introduced monthly billing in February 2018. Most customers were previously billed on a bimonthly basis. Monthly billing provides various benefits to customers: more efficient household budgeting, timely water usage information, and earlier detection of water leaks. Monthly billing represents the more typical billing method utilized in the water/sewer industry.

- In August 2019, the District entered into an asset purchase agreement to purchase Moore Sewer Inc.'s assets and assumed liabilities of \$155,000.
- In November 2019, the District offered \$7,135,000 in Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 and \$10,795,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2019, respectively for the purpose of refunding the outstanding Sewer System Convertible Refunding Bonds, Series 2009B and General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010, respectively, expected to close in December 2019.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the District's finances. For questions concerning this report or other requests for financial information, please contact:

Chief Financial Officer Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District P.O. Box 251 Spartanburg, SC 29304 (864) 583-7361

SPARTANBURG SANITARY SEWER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	Restated	
	2019	2018
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash	\$ 1,767,589	\$ 2,728,628
Investments	25,560,182	20,237,907
User charge receivable - net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$133,013 and \$137,324 for 2019 and 2018, respectively	2,859,497	3,251,842
Taxes receivable - net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$465,666 and \$451,460 for 2019 and		0,201,042
2018, respectively	55,099	54,210
Assessments and improvement charges receivable	9,071	9,071
Other receivables	2,199,325	2,274,242
Inventories	 1,044,088	 1,008,528
Total current assets	 33,494,851	 29,564,428
Noncurrent assets		
Restricted cash	422,500	343,348
Restricted investments	13,747,258	16,445,040
Capital assets - nondepreciable	12,750,372	13,881,578
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	 160,544,680	 164,146,171
Total noncurrent assets	 187,464,810	 194,816,137
Total Assets	 220,959,661	 224,380,565
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred loss on refundings	6,532,883	7,090,095
Deferred amounts related to pensions	907,900	1,095,186
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	507,168	439,678
-	 ,	 ,
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 7,947,951	 8,624,959

SPARTANBURG SANITARY SEWER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION

, ,	2019	Restated 2018
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	1,178,024	3,284,182
Accrued salaries and wages	354,802	387,701
Accrued employee benefits	137,246	83,618
Accrued interest expense	2,081,707	2,066,096
Other payables	943,839	895,852
Long-term debt - current portion	4,626,847	4,975,586
Total current liabilities	9,322,465	11,693,035
Noncurrent liabilities		
Net pension liability	7,082,022	7,531,484
Net other post-employment benefit liability	3,951,875	3,971,065
Long-term debt - net of current portion	154,022,354	159,773,399
Total noncurrent liabilities	165,056,251	171,275,948
Total Liabilities	174,378,716	182,968,983
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred amounts related to pensions	398,085	134,852
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	84,362	72,221
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	482,447	207,073
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	36,086,305	37,037,115
Unrestricted	17,960,144	12,792,353
Total Net Position	\$ 54,046,449	\$ 49,829,468

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

SPARTANBURG SANITARY SEWER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

		2019	Restated 2018
Operating Revenues User charge revenues Industrial service fees	\$	24,917,110 657,602	\$ 24,701,500 566,058
Treatment charges Miscellaneous	1	394,185 1,177,712	 275,210 576,154
Operating Expenses		27,146,609	 26,118,922
Operating expenses before depreciation Depreciation		15,887,314 10,421,350	 14,501,674 10,213,381
		26,308,664	 24,715,055
Operating Income		837,945	 1,403,867
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Connection fees		451,023	556,654
Property tax collections		6,783,557	6,340,946
Gain on sale of capital assets Interest income		79,784 819,801	150,414 381,107
Interest expense and paying agent fees		(6,738,350) 1,395,815	 (6,716,137) 712,984
Increase in Net Position, Before			
Capital Contributions		2,233,760	2,116,851
Capital Contributions		1,983,221	 2,004,843
Increase in Net Position		4,216,981	4,121,694
Net Position - Beginning of Year		49,829,468	 45,707,774
Net Position - End of Year	\$	54,046,449	\$ 49,829,468

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

SPARTANBURG SANITARY SEWER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	 Restated 2018
Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to or for the benefit of employees	\$ 27,579,329 (12,227,338) (5,757,196)	\$ 27,077,787 (7,932,547) (5,104,386)
Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and	 9,594,795	 14,040,854
Related Financing Activities Connection fees Property tax collections	451,023 6,783,557 (2,712,488)	556,654 6,340,946
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Principal payments - general obligation bonds	(3,713,488) 87,840 (1,740,000) (2,880,000)	(13,350,358) 150,414 (1,685,000) (2,725,000)
Principal payments - revenue bonds Principal payments - state revolving fund loan Interest and paying agent fees	 (3,880,000) (55,586) (6,605,336)	 (3,725,000) (54,352) (6,583,111)
Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	 (8,671,990)	 (18,349,807)
Interest income	 819,801	 381,107
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,742,606	(3,927,846)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	 39,754,923	 43,682,769
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 41,497,529	\$ 39,754,923

SPARTANBURG SANITARY SEWER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	Restated 2018	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash			
Provided by Operating Activities:			
Operating income	\$ 837,945	\$	1,403,867
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net			
cash provided by operating activities			
Depreciation	10,421,350		10,213,381
Pension expense	502,700		703,160
OPEB expense	343,695		352,262
(Increase) decrease in assets			
User charge receivable	392,345		785,891
Taxes receivable	(889)		17,919
Other receivables	74,917		155,056
Inventories	(35,560)		(186,921)
Deferred amounts related to pensions	(501,643)		(410,479)
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	(418,234)		(405,765)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities			. ,
Accounts payable	(2,106,158)		1,551,886
Accrued salaries and wages	(32,899)		218
Accrued employee benefits	53,628		(33,817)
Accrued interest expense	15,611		(6,829)
Other current liabilities	 47,987		(98,975)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 9,594,795	\$	14,040,854
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities			
Contribution of capital assets	\$ 1,983,221	\$	2,004,843
Amortization included in interest expense	\$ 133,015	\$	133,026

SPARTANBURG SANITARY SEWER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

Reconcilation of Cash and Investments as Shown on the Statements of Net Position and Cash Flow Statements	 2019	 Restated 2018
Statement of net position classifications Current assets Cash Investments	\$ 1,767,589 25,560,182	\$ 2,728,628 20,237,907
Noncurrent assets Restricted cash Restricted investments	 27,327,771 422,500 13,747,258 14,169,758	 22,966,535 343,348 16,445,040 16,788,388
	\$ 41,497,529	\$ 39,754,923
Cash flow classifications Petty cash Cash deposits Investments - cash equivalents	\$ 550 2,189,539 39,307,440	\$ 550 3,071,426 36,682,947
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 41,497,529	\$ 39,754,923

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District (the District) is presented to assist in understanding the financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the District's management, which are responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAP) and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reporting Entity

The District provides public sewer utility services to the residents and businesses of Spartanburg, South Carolina and surrounding communities. The District is a special purpose district created in the year 1929 by the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina. The District is a primary government with no component units. The District is governed by a seven-member commission comprised of three commissioners of the Commission of Public Works of the City of Spartanburg, the Mayor of the City of Spartanburg and three commissioners elected by citizens residing within the District but outside the area of the City of Spartanburg.

Basis of Accounting

Under US GAAP, the District is considered to be a self-supporting enterprise, and these financial statements are presented accordingly. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations which are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The basis of accounting employed is the accrual method whereby revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting financial reporting principles.

Use of Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use the restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that result from the ongoing principal operations of the District. Operating revenues consist primarily of charges for services. Non-operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to financing and investing types of activities and result from nonexchange transactions and ancillary activities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, all investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are considered to be cash equivalents.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value.

Accounts Receivable

User charge receivables include fees for charges earned but not yet collected. Unbilled (i.e. cycle billings) receivables at year end are estimated to record revenues earned through year end. Receivables are reported net of applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, which management determines based on historical collection trends and other factors.

Taxes Receivable and Ad Valorem Taxes

Taxes receivable (current and delinquent) represent property taxes that have been collected and remitted to the Spartanburg County Treasurer's office for its distribution to the District.

The District's uncollected assessed taxes that have been transferred to the Spartanburg County Delinquent Tax Collector were \$465,666 and \$451,460 at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The District has established an offsetting allowance for uncollectible taxes of the same amount.

The District's property taxes (except vehicles) are levied by the Spartanburg County Auditor each fall on the assessed value of the property located in the District's area as of the preceding January 1. The tax books are open for collection September 1, with the first penalty of 3% applied to payments made after January 15, the due date. A total penalty of 10% is charged for payments made after January 31. Uncollected property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on January 1. Uncollected property taxes as of March 15 are transferred to the Spartanburg County Delinquent Tax Collector at which time a total penalty of 15% is assessed. Spartanburg County bills and collects the District's property taxes. The District's property tax revenues are recognized when assessed.

Assessed values for real estate are established annually by the County Tax Assessor based on the assessment ratio applied to the appropriate class of property. Real and personal property taxes in the District's area were assessed at \$708,139,488 and \$674,118,672 for the calendar years 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value on the date donated. Assets are recorded as capital assets when valued at \$1,000 or more.

Prior to fiscal year 2019, major outlays for capital assets and improvements were capitalized as projects were constructed. These costs primarily included construction costs, engineering fees, legal fees and settlements related to acquisition. Effective for fiscal year 2019, the District discontinued capitalized interest on a prospective basis per GASB Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of the Construction Period*.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Capital Assets - Continued

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Years
System infrastructure	10 - 40
Motor equipment	5 - 10
Maintenance equipment	10
Office equipment	3 - 10
Buildings and improvements	20 - 33

Compensated Absences

The District provides eligible employees annual leave for each full calendar month of service. When an employee separates from employment, he is compensated for any unused annual leave.

Employees also accumulate sick leave based upon months of service. Sick leave does not vest and is lost upon termination of employment and thus is not accrued. A portion of accumulated sick leave, not to exceed forty-five days, may be redeemed for cash upon retirement. This redemption liability is neither reasonably estimable in aggregate nor accrued for financial statement purposes.

Long-Term Liabilities

Bond premium and discounts are deferred and equally amortized over the life of the bonds.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In the Statements of Net Position, in addition to assets and liabilities, separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources are reported. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an expense until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an expense until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as revenue until that time. The District's deferred outflows of resources consist of deferred loss on refundings, which is the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price, deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt; and amounts related to the District's defined benefit pension and OPEB plans. The District's deferred inflows of resources are amounts related to the District's defined benefit pension and OPEB plans.

Capital Contributions

The District frequently has contributions to its sewer system from developers and contractors. In addition, the District receives grant monies for construction of improvements or extensions to its system at various times. The contributions are recognized in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position when earned.

NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial credit risk - deposits - the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the deposits may not be returned to the District. The District's policy is to secure funds in accordance with Section 6-5-15 of the S.C. Code of Laws, and will include collateralization of deposits through appropriately pledged securities or other investments. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Statutes authorized the District to invest in obligations of the United States and its agencies, general obligations (not revenue obligations) of the State of South Carolina and its subdivisions, savings and loan associations to the extent of federal insurance, certificates of deposit collaterally secured, repurchase agreements secured by the foregoing obligations, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool (SC Pool). The SC Pool, established pursuant to Section 6-6-10 of the South Carolina Code, is an investment trust fund, in which public monies in excess of current needs, which are under the custody of any governing body of a political subdivision of the State, may be deposited.

In addition to the state laws governing allowable investment instruments, the District adopted a formal deposit and investment policy in 2019. The District is to invest its funds based on the following objectives, in priority order: safety, liquidity, and yield.

Credit risk – The District's policy to minimize the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer is to limit investments to the safest type of securities; pre-qualify the financial institutions; and diversify the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized.

Interest rate risk - the District's policy to minimize the risk that the fair value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in general interest rates is to structure the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and invest operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools.

Investments measured and reported at fair value are classified according to the following hierarchy:

Level 1 - Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets.

Level 2 - Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include markets that are not considered active.

Level 3 - Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as a particular investment's risk. Assets classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued directly from a predetermined primary external pricing vendor. Assets classified in Level 2 are subject to pricing by an alternative pricing source due to lack of information available by the primary vendor.

The SC Pool is a 2a7-like pool, which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), but has a policy that it will operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. In accordance with governmental accounting statements, investments are carried at fair value determined annually based upon quoted market prices. The total fair value of the SC Pool is apportioned to the entities with funds invested on an equal basis for each share owned, which are acquired at a cost of \$1.00. Funds may be deposited by SC Pool participants at any time and may be withdrawn up to 24 hours' notice. Financial statements for the SC Pool may be obtained by writing the Office of State Treasurer, Local Government Investment Pool, Post Office Box 11778, Columbia, South Carolina 29211-1950.

NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

The District had the following investments, which are not applicable to the fair value hierarchy, as of June 30, 2019 and 2018:

		Value				
Investment Type	Maturity	2019	2018	Rating		
State treasurer's investment pool First American Government Obligation	<60 days <60 days	\$32,181,858 7,125,582	\$29,364,987 7,317,960	Not rated Aaa-mf		
		\$39,307,440	\$36,682,947			

The Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District is required under bond indenture agreements in connection with the issuance of bonds, to segregate certain assets. The assets listed below have been segregated and are restricted in use. They are shown in their respective categories in the accompanying statements of net position.

	 2019	 2018
Restricted Assets for the Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets Investments	\$ 6,621,676	\$ 9,127,079
Restricted Assets for Debt Service Reserve and Debt Service Funds	 	
Cash	422,500	343,348
Investments	 7,125,582	 7,317,961
	 7,548,082	 7,661,309
	\$ 14,169,758	\$ 16,788,388

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

	20	19		
	Balance		Removals/	Balance
	June 30, 2018	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2019
Capital Assets				
Nondepreciable				
Construction in progress	\$ 13,881,578	\$ 2,712,706	\$ 3,843,912	\$ 12,750,372
Depreciable				
Treatment plants, interceptor				
and collection lines	246,421,398	3,931,269	-	250,352,667
Collection lines - donated	51,908,819	1,983,221	-	53,892,040
Motor equipment	5,196,715	105,931	387,975	4,914,671
Maintenance equipment	10,717,883	764,070	7,307	11,474,646
Office equipment	655,438	43,424	20,907	677,955
Office real estate	257,433	-	-	257,433
Maintenance facility	648,572	-	-	648,572
Joint lab building	939,994	-	-	939,994
Total depreciable	316,746,252	6,827,915	416,189	323,157,978
Total Capital Assets	330,627,830	9,540,621	4,260,101	335,908,350
Accumulated Depreciation				
Treatment plants, interceptor				
and collection lines	111,224,565	7,254,320	-	118,478,885
Collection lines - donated	27,012,468	1,834,558	-	28,847,026
Motor equipment	3,828,571	502,290	387,975	3,942,886
Maintenance equipment	8,942,430	756,802	152	9,699,080
Office equipment	583,927	28,065	20,006	591,986
Office real estate	180,787	7,156	-	187,943
Maintenance facility	401,909	13,067	-	414,976
Joint lab building	425,424	25,092	-	450,516
-	152,600,081	10,421,350	408,133	162,613,298
Capital Assets, Net of				
Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 178,027,749			\$ 173,295,052

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

	20	18		
	Balance		Removals/	Balance
	June 30, 2017	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2018
Capital Assets				
Nondepreciable				
Construction in progress	\$ 4,871,925	\$ 10,968,769	\$ 1,959,116	\$ 13,881,578
Depreciable				
Treatment plants, interceptor				
and collection lines	243,933,878	2,487,520	-	246,421,398
Collection lines - donated	49,903,975	2,004,844	-	51,908,819
Motor equipment	4,245,410	1,076,799	125,494	5,196,715
Maintenance equipment	10,013,349	733,122	28,588	10,717,883
Office equipment	628,770	43,262	16,594	655,438
Office real estate	257,433	-	-	257,433
Maintenance facility	648,572	-	-	648,572
Joint lab building	939,994	-	-	939,994
Total depreciable	310,571,381	6,345,547	170,676	316,746,252
Total Capital Assets	315,443,306	17,314,316	2,129,792	330,627,830
Accumulated Depreciation				
Treatment plants, interceptor				
and collection lines	104,014,636	7,209,929	-	111,224,565
Collection lines - donated	25,187,109	1,825,359	-	27,012,468
Motor equipment	3,601,566	352,499	125,494	3,828,571
Maintenance equipment	8,216,107	754,911	28,588	8,942,430
Office equipment	575,153	25,368	16,594	583,927
Office real estate	173,632	7,155	-	180,787
Maintenance facility	388,841	13,068	-	401,909
Joint lab building	400,332	25,092	-	425,424
č	142,557,376	10,213,381	170,676	152,600,081
Capital Assets, Net of			· · ·	· · ·
Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 172,885,930			\$ 178,027,749
•				

Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$10,421,350 and \$10,213,381, respectively.

Interest costs incurred during the year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$6,605,578 and \$6,784,437, respectively. Interest capitalized for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$231,664.

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT

				2019						
		Balance						Balance	[Due Within
	J	une 30, 2018	Add	itions	F	Reductions	J	une 30, 2019		One Year
Bonds Payable										
General obligation bonds	\$	42,027,000	\$	-	\$	(1,740,000)	\$	40,287,000	\$	1,085,00
Revenue bonds		115,045,000		-		(3,880,000)		111,165,000		3,485,00
State revolving fund loan Less deferred amounts:		126,845		-		(55,586)		71,259		56,84
Bond premium		7,550,140		-		(424,198)		7,125,942		
	\$	164,748,985	\$	-	\$	(6,099,784)	\$	158,649,201	\$	4,626,84

		4	2018																		
	Balance				Balance		Due Within														
J	une 30, 2017	Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		ditions Reductions		Reductions J		One Year	
\$	43,712,000	\$	-	\$	(1,685,000)	\$	42,027,000	\$	1,040,000												
	118,770,000		-		(3,725,000)		115,045,000		3,880,000												
	181,197		-		(54,352)		126,845		55,586												
	7,974,338		-		(424,198)		7,550,140		-												
\$	170,637,535	\$	-	\$	(5,888,550)	\$	164,748,985	\$	4,975,586												
	\$	June 30, 2017 \$ 43,712,000 118,770,000 181,197 7,974,338	June 30, 2017 Addi \$ 43,712,000 \$ 118,770,000 181,197 7,974,338	June 30, 2017 Additions \$ 43,712,000 \$ - 118,770,000 - 181,197 - 7,974,338 -	June 30, 2017 Additions F \$ 43,712,000 \$ - \$ 118,770,000 - 181,197 7,974,338 - -	June 30, 2017 Additions Reductions \$ 43,712,000 \$ - \$ (1,685,000) 118,770,000 - (3,725,000) 181,197 - (54,352) 7,974,338 - (424,198)	June 30, 2017 Additions Reductions June 30 \$ 43,712,000 \$ - \$ (1,685,000)	June 30, 2017 Additions Reductions June 30, 2018 \$ 43,712,000 \$ - \$ (1,685,000) \$ 42,027,000 118,770,000 - (3,725,000) 115,045,000 181,197 - (54,352) 126,845 7,974,338 - (424,198) 7,550,140	June 30, 2017 Additions Reductions June 30, 2018 \$ 43,712,000 \$ - \$ (1,685,000) \$ 42,027,000 \$ 115,045,000 118,770,000 - (3,725,000) 115,045,000 115,045,000 181,197 - (54,352) 126,845 7,974,338 - (424,198) 7,550,140												

General Obligation Bonds

Bonds payable at June 30, 2019 and 2018 were comprised of the following issues:

	2019	2018
\$12,135,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010, dated January 7, 2010. Annual maturities of \$115,000 to \$3.275 million maturing in 2025 with semi-annual interest of 2.00% to 4.00%. Bonds were issued to refund the 2001, 2002 and 2004 General Obligation Bonds.	\$ 12,020,000	\$ 12,020,000
\$9,480,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011, dated April 14, 2011. Annual maturities of \$115,000 to \$920,000 maturing in 2025 with semi-annual interest of 2.00% to 4.00%. Bonds were issued to refund most of the Series 2002 General Obligation Bonds.	5,005,000	5,730,000
\$3,455,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013, dated March 1, 2014. One lump sum principal payment due upon maturity in 2038 with semi-annual interest of 5.00%. Bonds were converted from the Series 2013B Refunding Revenue and Convertible Bonds.	3,455,000	3,455,000

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

General Obligation Bonds - Continued

	2019	2018
\$8,062,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2014, dated July 8, 2014. Annual maturities of \$655,000 to \$816,000 maturing in 2027 with semi-annual interest of 1.10%. Bonds were issued to defray the costs of District improvements.	5,352,000	6,052,000
\$15,325,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016, dated August 30, 2016. Annual maturities of \$250,000 to \$765,000 maturing in 2046 with semi-annual interest of 2.00% to 4.00%. Bonds were issued to defray the costs of District improvements and pay off the		
Bond Anticipation Note.	14,455,000	14,770,000
	40,287,000	42,027,000
Less: current portion	(1,085,000)	(1,040,000)
Total long-term general obligation bonds payable	\$ 39,202,000	\$ 40,987,000

Debt service requirements to maturity including interest on the general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 1,085,000	\$ 1,426,694	\$ 2,511,694
2021	1,850,000	1,364,429	3,214,429
2022	4,481,000	1,299,623	5,780,623
2023	5,007,000	1,131,765	6,138,765
2024	5,194,000	943,007	6,137,007
2025-2029	8,830,000	2,796,668	11,626,668
2030-2034	2,540,000	2,253,773	4,793,773
2035-2039	6,385,000	1,697,200	8,082,200
2040-2044	3,405,000	539,250	3,944,250
2045-2046	 1,510,000	 68,250	 1,578,250
	\$ 40,287,000	\$ 13,520,659	\$ 53,807,65

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

Revenue Bonds

Bonds payable at June 30, 2019 and 2018 were comprised of the following issues:

	2019	2018
\$7,865,000 Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 2009A, dated December 30, 2009. Maturities from 2014 to 2021 with semi-annual interest of 2.50% to 5.0%. Bonds issued to refund the outstanding 1999 Series A Refunding	\$ 2,435,000	\$ 3,585,000
\$21,265,000 Sewer System Refunding Convertible Bonds Series 2009B, dated December 30, 2009. Maturities from 2011 to 2022 and 2026 to 2028 with semi-annual interest of 2.50% to 5.0%. Bonds issued to refund the most of the outstanding 1999 Series B CIB and all the outstanding 1999 Series B CAB Refunding Revenue Bonds including the accreted interest.	12,595,000	13,860,000
\$10,260,000 Sewer System Taxable Revenue Bonds Series 2011, dated November 2, 2011. Maturities from 2016 to 2025 with semi-annual interest of 1.89% to 4.18%. Bonds issued to retire the outstanding Sewer System Revenue Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2010. In 2014, a portion of these bonds were partially refunded with the Sewer System	475,000	1,445,000
\$9,220,000 Sewer System Refunding Revenue and Convertible Bonds Series 2013A, dated April 3, 2013. Maturities from 2014 to 2040 with semi-annual interest of 1.00% to 4.00%. Bonds issued to retire the outstanding Sewer System Convertible Bonds, Series 2003A.	8,380,000	8,380,000
\$53,730,000 Sewer System Refunding Revenue and Convertible Bonds Series 2013B, dated April 3, 2013. Maturities from 2014 to 2038 with semi-annual interest of 1.00% to 5.00%. Bonds issued to retire the outstanding Sewer System Improvement and Refunding Convertible Bonds, Series 1999B and the outstanding Sewer System Convertible Bonds, Series 2003B. In 2013, converted \$3,455,000 to General	50,125,000	50,125,000
\$4,680,000 Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2014A, dated December 4, 2014. Annual maturities of \$15,000 to \$295,000 maturing in 2040 with semi-annual interest of 2.00% to 5.00%. Bonds were issued to retire the outstanding Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A.	4,195,000	4,320,000

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

	2019	2018
\$34,480,000 Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2014B, dated December 4, 2014. Annual maturities of \$100,000 to \$8,685,000 maturing in 2040 with semi-annual		
interest of 2.00% to 5.00%. Bonds were issued to retire the		
outstanding Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2005B.	32,960,000	33,330,000
	111,165,000	115,045,000
Less: current portion	(3,485,000)	(3,880,000)
Total long-term revenue bonds payable	\$ 107,680,000	\$ 111,165,000

State Revolving Fund Loan

\$626,900 South Carolina Water Quality Revolving Fund Authority Loan (State revolving fund loan) was assumed by the District with the transfer of the City of Spartanburg's sewer lines. The balance as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$71,259 and \$126,845, respectively. The loan matures September 2020, with principal and interest payments quarterly of \$14,493 with an interest rate of 2.25%. In a separate agreement, the state revolving fund loan was given first lien bond status and deemed fully secured by the gross revenues of the District, same as the revenue bonds.

Debt service requirements to maturity including interest on the revenue bonds and the state revolving fund loan as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 3,541,847	\$ 4,978,322	\$ 8,520,169
2021	3,154,412	4,830,012	7,984,424
2022	805,000	4,678,131	5,483,13 ²
2023	565,000	4,643,281	5,208,282
2024	585,000	4,626,331	5,211,33 ⁻
2025-2029	21,300,000	21,668,538	42,968,53
2030-2034	32,965,000	15,230,900	48,195,90
2035-2039	38,485,000	6,841,188	45,326,18
2040	9,835,000	393,400	10,228,400
	\$ 111,236,259	\$ 67,890,103	\$ 179,126,36

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

Donated assets and/or grants provided to finance capital expenditures are accounted for as capital contributions. During the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District received the following as donated assets:

	2019		2018		
Donated assets	\$	1,983,221	\$	2,004,843	

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The District, as the employer, participates in the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) Plan - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered and managed by the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA), a state agency. PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems' Pension Trust Funds. The CAFR is publicly available through the Retirement Benefits' link on PEBA's website at <u>www.peba.sc.gov</u>, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223.

Benefits Provided/Membership - SCRS provides retirement and other benefits for teachers and employees of the state, its public school districts, and political subdivisions. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation/current annual salary.

This plan covers general employees and teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit.

An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years.

Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of 1% or \$500 every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Contributions - Contributions are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. If the scheduled employee and employer contributions provided in statute, or the rates last adopted by the board, are insufficient to maintain the amortization period set in statute, the board shall increase employer contribution rates as necessary. After June 30, 2027, if the most recent actuarial valuation of the SCRS for funding purposes shows a ratio of the actuarial value of the system assets to the actuarial accrued liability of the system (the funded ratio) that is equal to or greater than 85%, then the board, effective the following July 1st, may decrease the current contribution rates upon making a finding that the decrease will not result in a funded ratio of less than 85%. The Retirement System Funding Administration Act establishes a ceiling on employee contribution rates at 9%. The employer contribution rates will continue to increase annually by 1% through July 1, 2022. The legislation's ultimate scheduled employer rate is 18.56%. The amortization period is scheduled to be reduced one year for each of the next 10 years to a 20 year amortization period. Required employee (both Class II and III) contribution rates for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 was 9%. The required employer contribution rate for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 was 14.41% and 13.41%, respectively. Both required employee and employer contribution rates are calculated on earnable compensation as defined by Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Employers also contribute an additional .15% of earnable compensation, if participating in the death benefit program.

Contributions to the Plan from the District were \$501,643 and \$410,479, for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2019, the District reported a net pension liability of \$7,082,022 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability, net pension liability and sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2017. The total pension liability was rolledforward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year end June 30, 2018, using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The allocation of the District's proportionate shares of the collective net pension liability and pension expense were calculated on the basis of the District's contributions actually remitted to the plan relative to the total contributions remitted to the plan for all participating employers, less employer contributions that are not a representative of future contributions efforts, as of June 30, 2018. Based upon this information, the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability at June 30, 2019 and 2018 was .031607% and .033456%, respectively, a decrease of .00185% since June 30, 2017, the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$536,354. The District also recognized revenue of \$33,654 as a result of a non-employer contribution from the State of South Carolina. The funds, approved by the General Assembly to help offset a portion of the burden of increased employer contributions, were sent directly to PEBA for the SCRS trust fund and represented 1% of the SCRS employer contribution increase for the year ended June 30, 2018. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$703,160. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension as follows:

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

2019				
	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of	Resources	of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	12,784	\$	398,085
Changes in assumptions		280,975		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		112,498		-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		501,643		-
Total	\$	907,900	\$	398,085
2018				
	Defe	rred Outflows	Defe	erred Inflows
	of	Resources	ofl	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	33,575	\$	134,852
Changes in assumptions		440,888		
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		210,244		-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		410,479		-
Total	\$	1,095,186	\$	134,852

\$501,643 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in 2019 resulted from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Any other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30	
2020	\$ 145,766
2021	55,530
2022	(173,970)
2023	(19,154)
	\$ 8,172

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - Actuarial valuations of the plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. An experience report on the System was most recently issued for the period ending July 1, 2015.

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

<u>Actuarial Assumptions - Continued</u> - The June 30, 2018 total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information determined by the July 1, 2017 valuation, used the following actuarial assumptions and methods:

Actuarial cost method Inflation	Entry age normal 2.25%
Salary increases	3.0% to 12.5% (varies by service and includes 2.25% inflation)
Benefit adjustments	lesser of 1% or \$500 annually
Investment rate of return	7.25% (includes 2.25% inflation)

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumptions, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Table (2016 PRSC), were developed using the Systems' mortality experience. These base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is based upon the 30 year capital market assumptions. The long-term expected rates of return represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees. Expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2018 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation, and is summarized in the following table. For actuarial purposes, the 7.25% assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the total pension liability includes 5.00% real rate of return and a 2.25% inflation component.

	Target	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	47%	3.38%
Real Assets	10%	0.42%
Opportunistic	13%	0.48%
Diversified Credit	18%	0.65%
Conservative Fixed Income	12%	0.10%
Total Expected Real Return	100%	5.03%
Inflation for Actuarial Purposes		2.25%
Total Expected Nominal Return		7.28%

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS will be made based on actuarially determined rates based on the provisions of the South Carolina State Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.25%) or 1% higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease (6.25%)	Discount Rate (7.25%)	1	% Increase (8.25%)
District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$	9,049,509	7,082,022	\$	5,675,457

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the plan, administered by PEBA, is available in the Systems' audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 (including the unmodified opinion on the financial statements). Information about the fiduciary net position of the Systems and additions to/deductions from the Systems fiduciary net position have been determined on the accrual basis of accounting. Additional actuarial information is available in the accounting and financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. The additional information is publically available on PEBA's Retirement Benefits' website at www.peba.sc.gov.

NOTE 7 - POST RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

Plan Description

The District, through its substantive commitment to provide other post-employment benefits (OPEB), maintains an agent employer defined benefit plan to provide certain postretirement health care benefits. The plan provides health care and prescription drug coverage in the Group insurance plan; and upon becoming eligible for Medicare coverage, retirees are provided with Medicare supplement insurance which includes health care and prescription drug coverage. Participants must be eligible to retire under the SCRS with a minimum of 12 years of service to receive benefits. The District explicitly provides a portion of the cost of coverage for retirees and the retirees are required to pay a portion of the premiums which is determined each year. Retirees may continue dependent coverage (and pay the full premium for this coverage) if enrolled in dependent coverage at the time of retirement. Spouses age 65 or older may continue coverage by paying the total cost of coverage.

The District, upon majority vote of the seven member Commission, has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions.

The Plan's assets are held in an irrevocable trust for the exclusive benefit of the Plan participants and are administered by the South Carolina Other Retirement Benefits Employer Trust (SCORBET). Each member shares in the SCORBET's administrative and investment related expenses. The SCORBET issues a publically available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the CAFR may be obtained by submitting a request to Risk Management Services, Municipal Association of South Carolina, Post Office Box 12109, Columbia, SC 29211.

NOTE 7 - POST RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Plan Membership

Membership in the plan as of January 1, 2017, the date of the last actuarial valuation was :

Inactive plan members of beneficiaries receiving benefits	21
Active plan members	79
Total plan members	100

Contributions

The Plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis and through separate contributions to SCORBET based on the actuarially determined employer contribution. The SCORBET allows each member to choose a contribution amount into the trust based on the actuarially determined employer contribution. The District paid \$488,805 and \$447,206 in pay-as-you-go and SCORBET contributions for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

Net OPEB Liability

The District's net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 of \$3,951,875 and \$3,971,065, respectively was measured as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2017.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs - the Total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	3.00%-7.00%, including wage inflation of 3.00%
Investment rate of return	4.75%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation
Municipal bond index rate	3.55%
Single equivalent interest rate Heath care cost rates	4.75%
Pre-medicare	7.50% for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2023
Medicare	5.50% for 2016 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2020
Discount rate	Based upon the long-term expected rate of return

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Table for Employees with a 95% multiplier to better reflect anticipated experience and provide a margin for future improvements.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the January 1, 2017 valuation were based on the 2016 experience study adopted by the SCRS pension plan. The experience report on the SCRS was most recently issued as of July 1, 2015, and are required to be completed at least once in each five-year period by S.C. state statute. The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care costs trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the January 1, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the January 1, 2017 valuation.

NOTE 7 - POST RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Net OPEB Liability - Continued

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs - continued - Several factors should be considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) and developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges should be combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant may cover a shorter investment horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding OPEB plans which are likely to cover a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation adjustment, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The target asset allocation for each major asset class, as provided by the plan, are summarized in the following table:

Fixed income	94.30%
Cash and cash equivalents	5.70%
	100.00%

Discount rate - the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually using the payroll growth assumptions; active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan; the District continues to contribute the full actuarially determined employer contribution through deposit to the SCORBET and direct payment of benefits to the plan members as the benefits come due; projected assets do not include employer contributions that fund estimated service costs of future employees; and cash flows occur mid-year. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be depleted.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

The total OPEB liability (TOL) is based upon the actuarial valuation performed as of the January 1, 2017 valuation date. An expected TOL as of December 31, 2018 for the year ending 2019 is determined using standard roll back techniques. An expected TOL is determined as of December 31, 2017 for the year ending 2018 using standard roll forward techniques. The roll forward calculation begins with the TOL, as of January 1, 2017, subtracts the expected benefit payments for the year, applies interest at the discount rate for the year, and then adds the annual normal cost (also called the service cost). The procedure used to determine the TOL, as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, is shown in the following table:

NOTE 7 - POST RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability – Continued

2019						
				Plan		
	Т	otal OPEB	Fi	duciary Net	I	Net OPEB
		Liability		Position		Liability
		(a)		(b)		(c)
Balance as of December 31, 2017	\$	6,195,143	\$	2,224,078	\$	3,971,065
Changes for the Year						
Service cost		216,360		-		216,360
Interest		290,060		-		290,060
Difference between expected and actual experience		(24,263)		-		(24,263)
Contributions - employer		-		468,293		(468,293)
Net investment income		-		33,054		(33,054)
Benefit payments		(179,293)		(179,293)		-
NetChanges		302,864		322,054		(19,190)
Balance as of December 31, 2018	\$	6,498,007	\$	2,546,132	\$	3,951,875

2018

				Plan		
	٦	otal OPEB	Fi	duciary Net	1	Net OPEB
		Liability		Position		Liability
		(a)		(b)		(c)
Balance as of December 31, 2016	\$	5,879,321	\$	1,906,645	\$	3,972,676
Changes for the Year						
Service cost		210,058		-		210,058
Interest		277,159		-		277,159
Difference between expected and actual experience		(81,564)		-		(81,564)
Contributions - employer		-		369,831		(369,831)
Net investment income		-		54,351		(54,351)
Benefit payments		(89,831)		(89,831)		-
Plan administrative expenses		-		(16,918)		16,918
Net Changes		315,822		317,433		(1,611)
Balance as of December 31, 2017	\$	6,195,143	\$	2,224,078	\$	3,971,065

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate - the following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1.0% lower or 1.0% higher than the current discount rate:

Discount Rate Sensitivity					
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	3.75%	4.75%	5.75%		
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 5,173,319	\$ 3,951,875	\$ 2,986,622		

NOTE 7 - POST RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the health care cost trend rates - the following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are 1.0% lower or 1.0% higher than the current health care cost trend rates:

Health Care Cost Trend Rate Sensitivity				
1% 1%				
	Decrease	Current	Increase	
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 2,769,744	\$ 3,951,875	\$ 5,516,704	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position - detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued SCORBET financial report prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The report may be obtained in writing to Risk Management Services, Municipal Association of South Carolina, Post Office Box 12109, Columbia, South Carolina 29211.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$343,695 and \$352,262, respectively. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

2019				
	[Deferred	D	eferred
	0	utflows of	Inflows of	
	R	esources	Re	sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	84,362
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on plan investments		88,934		-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date		418,234		-
	\$	507,168	\$	84,362
2018				
	[Deferred	D	eferred
	0	utflows of	In	flows of
	R	esources	Re	sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	72,221
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on plan investments		33,913		-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date		405,765		-
	\$	439,678	\$	72,221

NOTE 7 - POST RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS - CONTINUED

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - Continued

\$418,234 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB in 2019, resulted from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Any other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

\$ 12,231
12,231
12,232
3,752
(12,122)
(23,752)
\$ 4,572
\$

NOTE 8 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

Two deferred compensation plans are available to District employees. The multiple-employer plans, created under Internal Revenue Code Sections 401(k) and 457 are administered and accounted for by the State of South Carolina. Employees may withdraw the current value of their contributions when they terminate employment. With approval of the State's Deferred Compensation Commission, employees may also withdraw the current value of their contributions prior to termination of employment if they meet certain requirements. These requirements differ between the two plans. The plans, available to all District employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plans is optional and participants elect how their salary deferrals are invested.

Compensation deferred under the Section 401(k) and 457 plans is placed in trust for the contributing employees. Neither the State nor the District has any liability for losses under the plan.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The District is insured under policies through the South Carolina Office of Insurance Services, South Carolina Reserve Fund (IRF), a public entity risk pool, which issues policies to assume those risks of loss, accumulates assets to cover the risks of loss, and pays claims incurred for covered losses the District is exposed to, related to the following assets, activities, and/or events:

- 1. Real property, its contents, and other equipment.
- 2. Motor vehicles.
- 3. General tort claims.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT - CONTINUED

The IRF purchases reinsurance to obtain certain services and specialized coverage and to limit losses in the areas of property, boiler and machinery, automobile liability, and medical professional liability insurance. The IRF's rates are determined actuarially.

The District did not have settled claims that exceeded the District's insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The District provides employee health care under a self-funded insurance program. A commercial insurance company provides aggregate stop loss coverage for claims in excess of \$4,437,858 including Spartanburg Water System and specific stop loss coverage for each claim in excess of \$95,000. The following represents the change in unfiled, unpaid claims from July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019 and July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018:

	2019	2018
Beginning of year liability Claims Claims payments	\$ 29,927 1,148,740 (1,102,975)	\$ 67,279 621,094 (658,446)
End of year liability	\$ 75,692	\$ 29,927

The liability is included in accrued employee benefits on the Statements of Net Position.

NOTE 10 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Spartanburg Water System provides billing, collection, fleet, engineering and labor services as well as other administrative functions for the District. The amounts paid to Spartanburg Water System for all services were as follows:

	2019	2018
Billing and collection fees	\$ 611,460	\$ 613,452
Administrative fees	1,019,832	987,636
Labor reimbursements	599,870	560,921
Water quality and maintenance facility	220,428	166,018
Fleet service fees	131,968	138,161
Engineering	755,413	528,899
Operations fee	136,551	194,208
	\$ 3,475,522	\$ 3,189,295

NOTE 10 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS - CONTINUED

The following amounts were due from (to) Spartanburg Water System at June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	2019	2018
User charges collected	\$ 1,792,577	\$ 1,781,973
Other receivables	406,748	492,270
Miscellaneous payable	(943,839)	(895,852)
	\$ 1,255,486	\$ 1,378,391

The District with the Spartanburg Water System jointly owns an office building on North Liberty Street in downtown Spartanburg, South Carolina. The facility provides offices for the engineering and other support service departments that serve both organizations. The District owns an undivided interest of the office building. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District's share is included in capital assets with a cost of \$257,433 and accumulated depreciation of \$187,943 and \$180,787, respectively.

The District also jointly owns with the Spartanburg Water System approximately 42 acres on Highway 295 by-pass in Spartanburg County for future additional space requirements and facilities to accommodate a maintenance shop and personnel involved in maintenance activities. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District's share is included in capital assets with a cost of \$648,572 and accumulated depreciation of \$414,976 and \$401,909, respectively.

The District additionally with the Spartanburg Water System jointly owns a laboratory building on Highway 295 by-pass in Spartanburg County. The facility provides offices and laboratories for the industrial wastewater, backflow prevention and water quality services. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District's share is included in capital assets with a cost of \$939,994 and accumulated depreciation of \$450,516 and \$425,424, respectively.

NOTE 11 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

<u>Sick Pay</u>

As described more fully in Note 1, no estimate of any potential liability has been made.

Unemployment Compensation

The District is required to pay unemployment compensation on covered employees. It has chosen the alternative of paying claims as billed by the South Carolina Employment Security Commission. However, under this method of funding, no accurate estimate of any potential liability has been made.

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The District has received proceeds from federal and state grants, and/or entitlements. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

NOTE 11 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS - CONTINUED

Underground Storage Tanks

The District has underground storage tanks that are subject to federal and state regulations concerning cleanup costs and third party liability claims. The District has 24 hour a day monitoring systems installed on all storage tanks. However, the District is not insured in the event that a leak should occur, and no estimate of potential liability, if any, has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Construction Commitments

Outstanding commitments on construction contracts totaled \$833,382 and \$1,099,480 at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Arbitrage Rebate Liabilities

Arbitrage represents the difference or "spread" between lower interest rates on tax-exempt government securities and the higher interest on taxable investment securities. The Internal Revenue Code requires local governments to rebate arbitrage earnings to the federal government every five years for as long as the local government has tax-exempt bonds outstanding. The District does not believe an estimate of potential liability, if any, is required in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 12 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The Disctrict's property tax revenues were reduced by \$581,398 and \$530,915 under Fee in Lieu of Ad Valorem Tax (FILOT) agreements and Special Source Revenue Credits (SSRC) entered into by Spartanburg County for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The District received a total of \$477,081 and \$433,816 under both FILOT and SSRC tax agreements for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Under the FILOT agreements, taxpayers receive a reduction in ad valorem property taxes through reduced assessed valued and locked millage rates. Due to these agreements, the taxpayers realized a benefit of \$426,419 and \$473,666, respectively. Under the SSRC program, taxpayers receive a percentage reduction off their total property tax bill if their property qualified for the program. Due to this program, the taxpayers realized a benefit of \$154,979 and \$57,249, respectively.

NOTE 13 - RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain accounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform to the presentation in the current year financial statements.

NOTE 14 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT AND CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE/RESTATEMENT

The District has restated its previously issued financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018 for matters relating to the following previously reported items: capital assets – net of accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense due to calculation errors during software conversion. The accompanying financial statements for 2018 have been restated to reflect the correction that resulted in an increase in net position of \$674,355. The District also reclassified a portion of net position that is restricted for debt service reserves that was originally included in net investment in capital assets of \$4,206,144, which has no effect on total net position. The effect on the previously issued 2018 financial statements is summarized as follows:

	Previously Reported	Increase (Decrease)	Restated
Statements of Net Position		<u>.</u>	
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 163,471,816	\$ 674,355	\$ 164,146,171
Total noncurrent assets	194,141,782	674,355	194,816,137
Total assets	223,706,210	674,355	224,380,565
Net investment in capital assets	40,568,904	(3,531,789)	37,037,115
Unrestricted	8,586,209	4,206,144	12,792,353
Total net position	49,155,113	674,355	49,829,468
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes ir	Net Position		
Depreciation expense	10,887,736	(674,355)	10,213,381
Total operating expenses	25,389,410	(674,355)	24,715,055
Operating Income	729,512	674,355	1,403,867
Increase in net position			
before capital contributions	1,442,496	674,355	2,116,851
Increase in net position	3,447,339	674,355	4,121,694
Net Position - End of Year	49,155,113	674,355	49,829,468
Statements of Cash Flows			
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided operating activities:			
Operating income	729,512	674,355	1,403,867
Depreciation expense	10,887,736	(674,355)	10,213,381

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the District restated beginning net position to capitalize interest expense to construction in progress resulting in an increase in beginning net position of \$56,431. Furthermore, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The implementation required the District to record beginning net OPEB liability and contributions made subsequent to the measurement date as deferred outflows of resources and remove the net OPEB asset as required by GASB Statement 45. Beginning 2018 net position was restated as follows:

NOTE 14 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT AND CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE/RESTATEMENT - CONTINUED

	2018
Net Position - Beginning of Year	\$ 49,341,326
Capitalization of Interest Expense	56,431
Removal of the Net OPEB Asset (GASB 45)	(32,872)
Implementation of GASB Statement 75 - Net OPEB Liability	(3,972,676)
Implementation of GASB Statement 75 - Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	 315,565
Net Position - Beginning of Year - Restated	\$ 45,707,774

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In August 2019, the District entered into an asset purchase agreement with Moore Sewer, Inc. for the purchase of Moore Sewer, Inc.'s assets and assumed liabilities for \$155,000.

In November 2019, the District offered \$7,635,000 of Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 for the purpose of refunding the outstanding Sewer System Refunding Convertible Bonds, Series 2009B that are expected to close in December 2019.

Also, in November 2019, the District offered \$10,795,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 for the purpose of refunding the outstanding General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 that are expected to close in December 2019.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SPARTANBURG SANITARY SEWER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET PENSION LIABILITY SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability	0.031607%	0.033456%	0.034070%	0.034171%	0.034769%
District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability	\$ 7,082,022	\$ 7,531,484	\$ 7,277,302	\$ 6,480,695	\$ 5,986,069
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 3,275,319	\$ 3,375,640	\$ 3,299,241	\$ 3,203,928	\$ 3,156,544
District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	216.22%	223.11%	220.58%	202.27%	189.64%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	54.10%	53.34%	52.91%	56.99%	59.92%

*The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal years ending June 30.

SPARTANBURG SANITARY SEWER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Statutorially Required Contributions	\$ 501,643	\$ 410,479	\$ 390,224	\$ 364,896	\$ 344,422
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorially Required Contributions	 501,643	 410,479	 390,224	 364,896	 344,422
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 3,445,353	\$ 3,275,319	\$ 3,375,640	\$ 3,299,241	\$ 3,203,928
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.56%	12.53%	11.56%	11.06%	10.75%

Notes to Schedules:

June 30, 2015 was the first year of GASB 68 implementation, therefore 10-year data is not yet available.

SPARTANBURG SANITARY SEWER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30

	 2019	2018		
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Difference between expected and actual experience Benefit payments	\$ 216,360 290,060 (24,263) (179,293)	\$	210,058 277,159 (81,564) (89,831)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	302,864		315,822	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	 6,195,143		5,879,321	
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year (a)	\$ 6,498,007	\$	6,195,143	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expenses	\$ 468,293 33,054 (179,293) -	\$	369,831 54,351 (89,831) (16,918)	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	322,054		317,433	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year	 2,224,078		1,906,645	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of Year (b)	\$ 2,546,132	\$	2,224,078	
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a-b)	\$ 3,951,875	\$	3,971,065	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	39.18%		35.90%	
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,299,959	\$	3,299,959	
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	119.76%		120.34%	

Notes to Schedule:

June 30, 2018 was the first year of GASB 75 implementation, therefore 10-year data is not yet available.

SPARTANBURG SANITARY SEWER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30

	 2019	 2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	\$ 408,947	\$ 364,489
Contributions in Relation to the ADC	488,805	447,207
Annual Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (79,858)	\$ (82,718)
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,299,959	\$ 3,299,959
Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.81%	13.55%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date	January 1, 2017
Methods and Assumptions Used to Detern	nine Contributions Rates:
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of pay, closed
Amortization Period	21 years
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market value, 80%-120% corridor
Inflation	2.25%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	
Pre-medicare	7.50% for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2023
Medicare	5.50% for 2016 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2020
Salary Increases	3.00%-7.00%, including wage inflation of 3.00%
Investment Rate of Return	4.75%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation
Participation Rates	The assumed annual rates of plan participation and spouse coverage were 90% and 15%, respectively.
Demographic Assumptions	Based on the 2016 experience study adopted for the SCRS pension plan.
Mortality	Based on the RP-2014 Mortality Table for Employees with a 95% multiplier to better reflect anticipated experience and provide a margin for future improvements.

June 30, 2018 was the first year of GASB 75 implementation, therefore 10-year data is not yet available.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SPARTANBURG SANITARY SEWER DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF OPERATING EXPENSES FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018
Personnel Costs	¢ 2.460.005	¢ 0.004.070
Salaries and wages	\$ 3,468,225	\$ 3,284,878
State retirement	518,584	693,608
Employer's social security taxes	244,089	229,950
Group insurance	1,444,961	1,059,411
Workers' compensation	62,237	42,119
• • • • • • • •	5,738,096	5,309,966
Supplies and Maintenance	/	
Printing and office supplies	15,635	10,728
Safety equipment and supplies	16,448	23,003
Equipment maintenance	102,390	77,973
Vehicle operation and maintenance	103,394	122,773
Fuel	132,575	123,457
System operation and maintenance	1,650,487	1,618,098
Building and grounds maintenance	251,981	238,122
Treatment and filter supplies	751,952	521,077
Laboratory supplies	55,912	127,929
	3,080,774	2,863,160
Outside Services		
Utilities	2,162,375	1,813,877
Telephone	138,610	121,506
Uniform rentals	46,613	35,724
Legal fees	261,184	77,506
Consulting services	122,753	145,013
Audit	15,055	14,688
Fees and support services	2,491,937	2,405,163
Postage and delivery	83,758	58,115
Other	1,199,325	1,104,837
	6,521,610	5,776,429
Educational and Training Expenses	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
Conferences and education	67,364	44,096
Professional dues and memberships	111,092	108,339
Employment expenses	13,706	10,820
Safety and employee programs	18,708	22,085
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	210,870	185,340
Company Expenses		
Property and liability insurance	203,908	182,753
Bad debt expense	86,161	157,038
Public relations and information	25,474	7,945
Miscellaneous expense	20,421	19,043
	335,964	366,779
	000,004	000,110
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 15,887,314	\$ 14,501,674

III. STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

Statistical Section

This part of the Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant revenue sources, user charges and property taxes.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

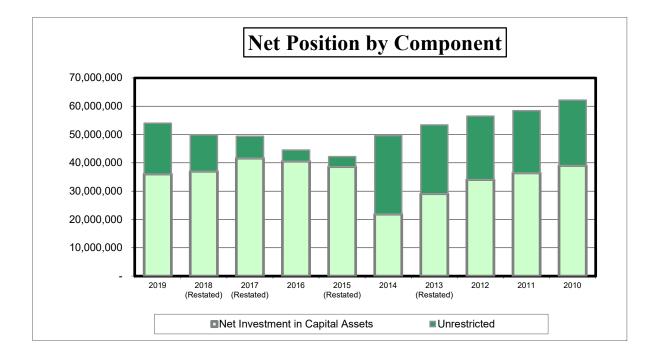
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Financial Trends

FY 2010 to FY 2019

Fiscal	Net Investme	nt in		
Year	Capital Ass	ets Unrestricted	Total N	et Position
2019	\$ 36,086	,305 \$ 17,960,144	\$ 54	4,046,449
2018 (Restated)	37,037	,115 12,792,353	49	9,829,468
2017 (Restated)	41,632	,938 7,764,819	49	9,397,757
2016	40,584	,822 3,943,071	44	4,527,893
2015 (Restated)	38,642	,654 3,552,482	42	2,195,136
2014	21,861	,156 27,760,264	49	9,621,420
2013 (Restated)	29,089	,018 24,334,802	5	3,423,820
2012	34,054	,965 22,442,683	50	6,497,648
2011	36,450	,190 21,980,956	58	8,431,146
2010	39,052	,825 23,117,151	62	2,169,976



The significant decrease in unrestricted net position in Fiscal Year 2015 was due to the implementation of GASB 68 - *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.

Changes in Net Position									FY 2010 1	FY 2010 TO FY 2019
	FY 2019 FY	FY 2018 (Restated) FY 2017 (Restated)	2017 (Restated)	FY 2016	FY 2015 (Restated)	FY 2014	FY 2013 (Restated)	FY 2012	FY 2011	FY 2010
Revenues Operating revenues User charge revenues Other operating revenues	\$ 24,917,110 \$ 2.229.499	24,701,500 \$ 1.417.422	25,081,281 \$ 1.248.996	22,919,183 1.284.838	\$ 20,123,998 1.292.586	\$ 20,383,889 1.282,491	\$ 20,261,923 1.328,131	\$ 19,612,860 1.326.351	\$ 18,036,732 1.194.606	\$ 17,911,933 1.198.291
Total operating revenues	27,146,609	26,118,922	26,330,277	24,204,021	21,416,584	21,666,380	21,590,054	20,939,211	19,231,338	19,110,224
Nonoperating revenues Property tax collections Other nonoperating revenues	6,783,557 1,350,608	6,340,946 1,088,175	6,038,111 778,754	5,024,690 624,630	4,933,591 391,386	4,795,266 279,639	4,645,343 358,637	4,585,212 257,584	4,603,660 245,214	4,613,814 400,887
Total nonoperating revenues Total revenues	8,134,165 35,280,774	7,429,121 33,548,043	6,816,865 33,147,142	5,649,320 29,853,341	5,324,977 26,741,561	5,074,905 26,741,285	5,003,980 26,594,034	4,842,796 25,782,007	4,848,874 24,080,212	5,014,701 24,124,925
Expenses Operating expenses, before depreciation Depreciation expenses Nonoperating expenses	15,887,314 10,421,350 6,738,350	14,501,674 10,213,381 6,716,137	14,523,095 10,371,935 7,060,716	14,147,144 10,095,657 6,611,994	13,862,028 9,640,858 6,878,900	15,624,500 9,225,118 6,916,202	13,228,455 8,950,903 7,546,465	12,455,467 8,660,842 7,747,848	12,088,292 8,512,687 7,916,738	11,587,195 8,422,590 7,640,535
Total expenses	33,047,014	31,431,192	31,955,746	30,854,795	30,381,786	31,765,820	29,725,823	28,864,157	28,517,717	27,650,320
Change in net position before capital contributions Capital contributions	2,233,760 1,983,221	2,116,851 2,004,843	1,191,396 3,678,468	(1,001,454) 3,334,211	(3,640,225) 2,475,057	(5,024,535) 1,222,135	(3,131,789) 1,479,036	(3,082,150) 1,148,652	(4,437,5U5) 698,675	(3,525,395) 2,218,665
Change in net position	4,216,981	4,121,694	4,869,864	2,332,757	(1,165,168)	(3,802,400)	(1,652,753)	(1,933,498)	(3,738,830)	(1,306,730)
Net position, beginning of year, restated (2018, 2015)	49,829,468	45,707,774	44,527,893	42,195,136	43,360,304	53,423,820	56,497,648	58,431,146	62,169,976	63,476,706
Change in accounting principle				'	'	'	(1,421,075)	'	'	'
Net position, beginning of year, restated				'	'	'	55,076,573	'		
Net position, end of year	\$ 54,046,449 \$	49,829,468 \$	49,397,757 \$	44,527,893	\$ 42,195,136	\$ 49,621,420	\$ 53,423,820	\$ 56,497,648	\$ 58,431,146	\$ 62,169,976

FY 2010 TO FY 2019

Table 2

Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District

Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District

Table 3

Revenues By Source

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	Total	Revenues	\$35,280,774	33,548,043	33,147,142	29,853,341	26,741,561	26,741,285	26,594,034	25,782,007	24,080,212	24,124,925
		Å	\$35	33	33	26		26	26	25	24	24
	Other	Revenue	79,784	150,414	106,302	69,992	(6,931)	18,378	82,482	13,700	2,927	77.243
		£	¢									
evenues	Interest	Income	819,801	381,107	206,175	60,978	36,495	21,053	47,900	63,412	94,645	154.642
ng R			Υ									
Non Operating Revenues	Property Tax	Collections	6,783,557	6,340,946	6,038,111	5,024,690	4,933,591	4,795,266	4,645,343	4,585,212	4,603,660	4 613 814
			\$			_						
	Connection	Fees	451,023	556,654	466,277	493,660	361,822	240,208	228,255	180,472	147,642	169.002
	ပိ		မ									
		Miscellaneous	\$ 1,177,712	576,154	610,972	610,041	609,116	640,604	715,973	757,975	656,560	584 899
venues	Treatment	Charges	394,185	275,210	145,320	179,700	157,965	144,513	110,580	98,280	85,645	91.045
g Re	Ī	Se	2	ß	4	2	10	4	m	6	-	2
Operating Revenu	Industrial	Service Fees	\$ 657,60;	566,058	492,704	495,097	525,505	497,374	501,578	470,096	452,401	522.347
	User Charge	Revenues	24,917,110 \$ 657,602 \$	24,701,500	25,081,281	22,919,183	20,123,998	20,383,889	20,261,923	19,612,860	18,036,732	17.911.933
			\$	(р	(p		(p		(þ			
	Fiscal	Year	2019	2018 (restated)	2017 (restated)	2016	2015 (restated)	2014	2013 (restated)	2012	2011	2010

Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District

Operating Expenses

Table 4

FY 2010 to FY 2019

Total Operating Expenses

Depreciation

Expense

24,715,055

10,213,381

26,308,664

ω

\$ 10,421,350

24,895,030

10,371,935

24,242,801

10,095,657

23,502,886

9,640,858

24,849,618

9,225,118

22,179,358

8,950,903

21,116,309

8,660,842

20,600,979

8,512,687

20,009,785

8,422,590

Fiscal Year	Personnel Costs	Supplies and Maintenance	Outside Services	Educational and Training	Company Expenses
2019	\$ 5,738,096	\$ 3,080,774	\$ 6,521,610	\$ 210,870	\$ 335,964
2018 (Restated)	5,309,966	2,863,160	5,776,429	185,340	366,779
2017 (Restated)	5,436,508	3,072,230	5,560,810	156,140	297,407
2016	4,956,742	2,999,581	5,779,333	144,600	266,888
2015 (Restated)	5,138,186	2,905,400	5,365,774	199,654	253,014
2014	5,183,109	4,656,950	5,387,059	150,367	247,015
2013 (Restated)	4,911,436	2,725,398	5,172,432	161,616	257,573
2012	4,713,928	2,600,460	4,723,378	118,332	299,369
2011	4,507,888	2,314,832	4,795,687	110,793	359,092
2010	4,414,626	2,266,754	4,494,869	78,066	332,880

Revenue Capacity

Historical Rate Information

FY 2010 to FY 2019

Fiscal Year	Residential Rate History* (Avg. 2 Mth. Bill)	Volume Charge (per 100 gal)
2019**	43.50	0.675
2018	87.13	0.675
2017	87.13	0.675
2016	80.50	0.675
2015	73.80	0.644
2014	73.80	0.644
2013	73.80	0.644
2012	69.00	0.602
2011	63.45	0.552
2010	63.45	0.552

* Residential rate history (avg. 2 mth. bill) is based on an average demand of 11,220 gallons per billing cycle.

** Changed from Bi- monthly billing to monthly billing. 5,600G/billing cycle.

Schedule of Historical Discharge

CY 2009 to CY 2018

Calendar Year	Billion Gallons	Average MGD*
2018	4.953	13.463
2017	4.307	11.742
2016	4.482	12.207
2015	5.189	14.218
2014	5.129	14.051
2013	5.436	14.892
2012	4.618	12.644
2011	4.432	12.143
2010	4.215	11.550
2009	4.682	12.827

*Million gallons per day of effluent discharge

Property Tax Collections

CY 2009 to CY 2018

Total	Direct Doto	Rale	8.6	8.9	8.9		•		•	ı	ı	ı
	Bond Millogo	INIIIage	1.1	1.1	1.4		·					
General	Fund Milloco	INIIIage	7.5	7.8	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5
Total	Percent	Collected	99.41%	98.65%	99.25%	98.80%	98.98%	98.21%	98.89%	98.23%	96.03%	98.34%
Total	Collections	I 0 Date	\$ 5,491,375	4,979,040	4,619,388	4,493,718	4,414,992	4,384,889	4,238,289	4,210,755	4,086,298	4,226,494
Percent	Delinquent	Collected	3.93%	3.68%	4.70%	4.03%	4.31%	4.01%	4.36%	4.18%	3.10%	6.09%
Delinquent	Colloctod	Collected	\$ 207,547	176,844	207,547	174,100	182,588	169,090	177,206	168,760	122,998	242,678
Ċ	Collected	Collected	95.65%	95.15%	94.79%	94.98%	94.89%	94.42%	94.75%	94.29%	93.13%	92.70%
Property	Collected	Collected	\$ 5,283,828	4,802,196	4,411,841	4,319,618	4,232,404	4,215,799	4,061,083	4,041,995	3,963,300	3,983,816
Property	laxes	геvу	\$5,523,930	5,046,954	4,654,268	4,548,071	4,460,353	4,465,012	4,286,070	4,286,748	4,255,448	4,297,656
Calendar	Year End	ENG	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009

* Total Direct Rate is equivalent to the Ad Valorem Tax Millage

Source: Spartanburg County Treasurer

Table 8

Ten Largest Taxpayers

CY 2009 & CY 2018

			2009				2018	
		Assessed	Taxes	2009	Assessed		Taxes	2018
Customer		Value	Paid	Ranking	Value		Paid	Ranking
Duke Energy Corp	θ	10,175,910 \$	3,958,119	-	\$ 16,837,884	34 \$	6,931,496	٢
Michelin North America		2,524,392	841,127	7	9,118,316	16	3,342,467	2
R R Donnelley & Sons Co.		2,385,532	925,109	9	6,186,777	22	2,618,262	с
Mary Black Health System LLC		2,121,950	804,856	6	5,815,120	20	2,450,707	4
Toray Composite Materials America Inc					5,390,828	28	1,999,997	5
Spartanburg DC Inc					4,950,290	00	1,849,428	9
DSI DraexImaier Service INC					4,102,690	00	1,479,430	7
Norfolk Southern Corp					3,594,693	93	1,405,538	8
Yeomans Charles L III Etal		3,403,290	1,343,619	ი	3,001,490	00	1,312,251	6
Piedmont Natural Gas Co Inc					3,166,097	76	1,298,041	10
Kohler Company		2,063,865	787,462	10				
BellSouth Communications		3,968,970	1,660,887	2				
Tietex International LTD		2,600,710	815,577	80				
JM Smith Corporation		2,674,860	1,031,792	5				
General Motors Corp		4,570,680	1,314,842	4				
TOTAL	φ	36,490,159 \$	13,483,390		\$ 62,164,185	35 \$	24,687,617	

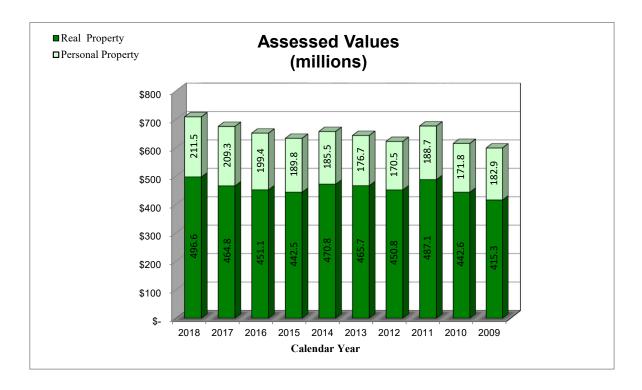
Taxes Paid includes fee in lieu of tax payments.

Source: Spartanburg County Auditor.

Assessed Values

CY 2009 to CY 2018

Calend	ar Real	Personal	Total	Total	Ratio of Total Assessed to Total
Year	Property	Property	Assessed Value	Market Value	Market Value
2018	\$ 496,597,374	\$ 211,542,114	\$ 708,139,488	\$ 12,204,733,974	5.80%
2017	464,836,614	209,282,058	674,118,672	12,704,176,452	5.31%
2016	451,147,672	199,382,197	650,529,869	12,071,913,210	5.39%
2015	442,472,475	189,832,607	632,305,082	12,071,913,310	5.24%
2014	470,822,346	185,478,388	656,300,734	12,435,584,275	5.28%
2013	465,685,663	176,669,073	642,354,736	12,215,954,989	5.26%
2012	450,846,048	170,504,586	621,350,634	11,708,359,340	5.31%
2011	487,104,198	188,653,908	675,758,106	12,103,408,186	5.58%
2010	442,550,588	171,756,394	614,306,982	12,430,532,872	4.94%
2009	415,333,152	182,937,413	598,270,565	12,598,714,712	4.75%



Source: Spartanburg County Auditor & Assessor

Asse	Assessed Value Summary	Summary								CY 2018
	Classification					Assessed Value	75	Assessment Ratio		Market Value
	 Real Property and Business Personal Merchants' Furnitu Motor Vehicles Marine Equipment Airplanes Manufacturing Pro Public Utilities Transportation Col 	Real Property and Mobile Home Business Personal Property Merchants' Furniture, Fixtures, a Motor Vehicles Marine Equipment Airplanes Manufacturing Property Public Utilities Transportation Companies for H TOTALS	Real Property and Mobile Homes Business Personal Property Merchants' Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment Motor Vehicles Marine Equipment Airplanes Manufacturing Property Public Utilities Transportation Companies for Hire TOTALS	d Equipment	 	496, 7, 31, 69, 1, 708, 708,	6,597,374 7,516,080 1,066,390 9,991,834 1,708,090 379,790 5,695,930 1,024,361 4,159,639 8,139,488 8,139,488	4% & 6% 10.5% 6.0% 4.0% 10.5% 9.5%	φ φ	12,204,733,974 51,697,143 51,697,143 295,870,381 1,166,589,567 16,267,524 9,494,750 654,560,095 295,470,105 43,785,674 14,738,469,212
	(\$) sb				Assessme	Assessment Summary				
	nseuonT 300,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100 1	L65 [°] 967	9T5'L	990'TE	766'69	80Z°I	08€	969'59	31 ³ 054	4,160
	-	Real Prop. & Mobile Homes	Business Personal Prop.	Merchant Prop.	Motor Vehicles Classif	Classification Marine Equipment	sənsiqtiA	Manufact. Prop.	Public Utilities	Transportatio n Companies for Hire

Table 10

Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District

Source: Spartanburg County Auditor

Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District

Table 11

Ten Largest Customers

FY 2010 & FY 2019

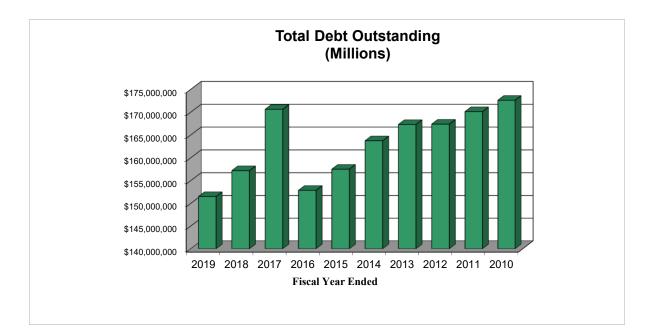
		N	2010			20	2019	
			Percent of 2010				Percent of 2019	
		Total	Operating	2010	Total		Operating	2019
Customer	Ann	Annual Revenue*	Revenue	Ranking	Annual Revenue*	nue*	Revenue	Ranking
Spartanburg Regional Medical Center	\$	336,312	1.76%	2	\$ 635	639,138	2.35%	.
Pet Inc Dairy Div		242,456	1.27%	4	326	359,260	1.32%	7
Wofford College		180,840	0.95%	7	262	262,599	0.97%	ო
BASF Corp AP Dept		157,512	0.82%	10	230	230,010	0.85%	4
Spartanburg Housing Authority		341,587	1.79%	-	217	217,703	0.80%	5
Michelin Tire Corp					213	213,616	0.79%	9
Contec Inc					196	198,916	0.73%	7
Blackman Uhler MFG Co		286,931	1.50%	ო	192	192,927	0.71%	8
Parkside at Laurel West LLC					133	133,063	0.49%	6
SC Dept of Correction					13(130,641	0.48%	10
Milliken & Company		213,200	1.12%	S				
Tietex International		195,196	1.02%	9				
Spartanburg County		179,691	0.94%	œ				
NRRC LLC		175,529	0.92%	o				
	е	7 300 257	12 00%		¢ 2577	<u> </u>	0 51%	
	÷	z,000,204	0/ 20.71		φ 4,011	010,	0/10.0	

Debt Capacity

Debt Outstanding

FY 2010 to FY 2019

	General		State	Bond			As Share of
Fiscal	Obligation	Revenue	Revolving	Anticipation	Total Debt	Per	Personal
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Fund Loans	Note	Outstanding	Capita*	Income
2019	\$ 40,287,000	\$111,165,000	\$ 71,259	\$ -	\$151,523,259	\$ 483	1.12%
2018 (Restated)	42,027,000	115,045,000	126,845	-	157,198,845	537	1.36%
2017 (Restated)	44,799,229	125,657,109	181,197	-	170,637,535	543	1.40%
2016	30,470,117	129,637,081	234,343	250,000	152,871,343	540	1.61%
2015 (Restated)	31,832,173	133,511,661	286,310	-	157,508,310	594	1.70%
2014	24,255,865	139,154,093	337,124	-	163,747,082	607	1.73%
2013 (Restated)	21,691,429	145,226,728	386,812	-	167,304,969	608	1.81%
2012	23,283,791	143,669,145	435,396	-	167,388,332	596	1.87%
2011	24,866,154	134,725,553	481,534	10,068,000	170,141,241	593	2.67%
2010	25,650,000	136,118,725	524,892	10,318,000	172,611,617	607	2.06%



*Per capita number is based on the Spartanburg County population.

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding

	General	Percentage of		
Fiscal	Obligation	Taxable		Per
Year	Bonds (1)	Market Value (2)	Cap	oita* (3)
2019	\$ 40,287,000	0.33%	\$	128
2018 (Restated)	42,027,000	0.33%		137
2017 (Restated)	44,799,229	0.37%		149
2016	30,470,117	0.25%		102
2015 (Restated)	31,832,173	0.26%		108
2014	24,255,865	0.20%		83
2013 (Restated)	21,691,429	0.19%		75
2012	23,283,791	0.19%		81
2011	24,866,154	0.20%		87
2010	25,650,000	0.20%		89

Note: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) General bonded debt, net of related premium
- (2) See the Schedule of Assessed Values (Table 9) for property value data
- (3) Population data can be found in the Spartanburg County Demographic Statistics (Table 15)

Legal Debt Margin	June 30, 2019
Assessed Valuation Latest assessed valuation less manuafacturing depreciation reduction	\$ 708,139,488
Legal Debt Limit - 8% of assessed valuation	\$ 56,651,159
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit: General obligation bonds outstanding June 30, 2019	40,287,000
Legal Debt Margin*	\$ 16,364,159

*The District may issue general obligation debt up to an amount equal to 8% of the last certified District assessment, without the requirement of conducting a referendum.

		Ten	Year Data		
		Net Debt		Outstanding	Legal Debt
Fiscal		Subject	Legal	Net Debt/	Margin/
Year	Debt Limit	to Limit	Debt Margin	Debt Ceiling	Debt Ceiling
2019	\$ 56,651,159	\$ 40,287,000	\$ 16,364,159	71.11%	28.89%
2018	53,929,494	42,027,000	11,902,494	77.93%	22.07%
2017	51,385,537	43,712,000	7,673,537	85.07%	14.93%
2016	46,728,334	29,982,000	16,746,334	64.16%	35.84%
2015	47,815,961	31,287,000	16,528,961	65.43%	34.57%
2014	48,852,088	23,860,000	24,992,088	48.84%	51.16%
2013	49,480,747	21,025,000	28,455,747	42.49%	57.51%
2012	44,831,116	22,560,000	22,271,116	50.32%	49.68%
2011	48,816,244	24,085,000	24,731,244	49.34%	50.66%
2010	48,234,912	25,650,000	22,584,912	53.18%	46.82%
2009	47,160,729	27,320,000	19,840,729	57.93%	42.07%

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Historical Statements of Revenues, Expenses,	-	bt Service ar	nd Debt Serv	Debt Service and Debt Service Coverage	0			FY 201	FY 2010 to FY 2019	
	2010	2011	2012	2013 (Restated)	2014	2015 (Restated)	2016	2017 (Restated)) 2018 (Restated)	2019
Net Income Operating revenues	\$ 19,110,224	\$ 19,231,338	\$ 20,939,211	\$ 21,590,054	\$ 21,666,380	\$ 21,416,584	\$ 24,204,021	1 \$ 26,330,277	7 \$ 26,118,922	\$ 27,146,609
Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization	(11,587,195)	(12,088,292)	(12,455,467)	(13,228,455)	(15,624,500)	(13,862,028)	(14,147,144)	4) (14,523,095)	5) (14,501,673)	(15,887,314)
Operating income before depreciation and amorization Depreciation Amorization of bond cost	7,523,029 (8,422,590) (152,879)	7,143,046 (8,512,687) (130,265)	8,483,744 (8,660,842) (130,235)	8,361,599 (8,950,903) -	6,041,880 (9,225,118) -	7,554,556 (9,640,858) -	10,056,877 (10,095,657) -	7 11,807,182 7) (10,371,935) -	2 11,617,249 5) (10,213,381) -	11,259,295 (10,421,350)
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,052,440)	(1,499,906)	(307,333)	(589,304)	(3,183,238)	(2,086,302)	(38,780)	0) 1,435,247	7 1,403,868	837,945
Nonoperating Revenues Ad valorem taxes	4,613,814	4.603.660	4.585.212	4,645,343	4.795.266	4.933.591	5.024.690	0 6.038.111	6.340.946	6.783.557
Other nonoperating revenues	400,887	245,214	257,584	358,637	279,639	391,386	624,630			1,350,608
Nonoperating Expenses Capital Contributions	(7,487,656) 2,218,665	(7,786,473) 698,675	(7,617,613) 1,148,652	(7,546,465) 1,479,036	(6,916,202) 1,222,135	(6,878,900) 2,475,057	(6,611,994) 3,334,211	4) (7,060,716) 1 3,678,468	5) (6,716,137) 8 2,116,851	(6,738,350) 1,983,221
Net Income (Loss) Per Financial Statements	\$ (1,306,730)	\$ (3,738,830)	\$ (1,933,498)	\$ (1,652,753)	\$ (3,802,400)	\$ (1,165,168)	\$ 2,332,757	7 \$ 4,869,864	. \$ 3,447,340	\$ 4,216,981
Net Income (Loss) Per Financial Statements	\$ (1,306,730)	\$ (3,738,830)	\$ (1,933,498)	\$ (1,652,763)	\$ (3,802,400)	\$ (1,165,168)	\$ 2,332,757	7 \$ 4,869,864	4 \$ 4,121,694	\$ 4,216,981
Less: (Gain) loss on sale of capital assets	(77,244)	(2,927)	(13,700)	(82,482)	(18,378)	6,931	(69,992	_	_	(79,784)
Less: Restricted investment income Less: Capital Contributions	(55,630) (2.218.665)	(9,351) (698.675)	(6,617) (1.148.652)	(3,030) (1.479.036)	(2,351) (1.222.135)	(18,522) (2.475.057)	(29,724) (3.334,211)	4) (157,282 1) (3.678,468	2) (270,665) 3) (2.004.843)	(309,654) (1.983-221)
Less: Ad valorem used for GO debt service (1)	(2,720,539)	(2,637,456)	(2,213,339)	(1,932,803)	(1,432,338)	(1,783,899)	(1,854,135	. 0		(3,215,995)
Less: Transfers into rate stabilization fund Plus: Transfers out of rate stabilization fund	(25,479) 885.000	(14,259) 1.000.000	(10,621) -	(208.892)	(5,985) 450.000	(7,918) 800,000	(14,647 385,000	7) (251,016) 0 -	5) (937,209) 	(85,150) -
Plus: Excess transfers in over out			10,621	208,892	•					85,150
Plus: Depreciation	8,422,590	8,512,687	8,660,842	8,950,903	9,225,118	9,640,858	10,095,657	-	-	10,421,350
Plus: Interest expense Plus: Amortization of bond cost	152.879	1,109,931	130.235	1,101,230		0,314,0U3 -		4 0,042,040 -	0,/10,13/ 	0,730,350
				226,723		517,554		- 218,171		
Plus: Pension Adjustment					'	74,972	74,908	3 226,865		1,057
Plus: OPEB adjustment	'	'		'	'				- (53,503)	(74,539)
Net Earnings per Revenue Bond Covenant	\$ 10,528,641	\$ 10,311,391	\$ 11,072,981	\$ 11,208,748	\$ 9,987,883	\$ 11,904,354	\$ 14,197,607	7 \$ 15,619,578	8 \$ 15,644,508	\$ 15,714,545
Debt Service Requiring Coverage, Per Covenant Revenue Bond Debt Service	\$ 6,953,424	\$ 7,066,293	\$ 7,683,658	\$ 7,614,245	\$ 8,431,899	\$ 9,394,938	\$ 9,092,681	1 \$ 9,090,061	\$ 9,043,103	\$ 9,049,389
GO Bond Debt Service Paid with Revenues (1)	304,323	294,834	190,664	188,661		'				
Debt Service Covenant for Coverage Test	\$ 7,257,747	\$ 7,361,127	\$ 7,874,322	\$ 7,802,906	\$ 8,431,899	\$ 9,394,938	\$ 9,092,681	1 \$ 9,090,061	\$ 9,043,103	\$ 9,049,389
Debt Service Coverage Ratio Based on Revenue Bond Coverage (2) (4)	1.45	1.40	1.41	1.44	1.18	1.27	1.56	6 1.72	2 1.73	1.74
Total District Debt Service Coverage Calculation Net Earnings per Revenue Bond Covenani Plus: Ad valorem taxes used for CO debt service	\$ 10,528,641 2,720,539	\$ 10,311,391 2,637,456	\$ 11,072,981 2,213,339	\$ 11,208,748 1,932,803	\$ 9,987,883 1,432,338	\$ 11,904,354 1,783,899	\$ 14,197,607 1,854,135	7 \$ 15,619,578 5 2,967,750	\$ 15,644,509 3,219,960	\$ 15,714,545 3,215,995
Adjusted Net Earnings	\$ 13,249,180	\$ 12,948,847	\$ 13,286,320	\$ 13,141,551	\$ 11,420,221	\$ 13,688,253	\$ 16,051,742	2 \$ 18,587,328	\$ 18,864,469	\$ 18,930,540
Total District Debt Service Total District Debt Service Coverage (3), (4)	9,978,286 1.33	9,998,583 1.30	10,087,661 1.32	10,242,527 1.30	10,243,396 1.11	10,085,583 1.36	10,946,816 1.47	6 12,057,811 1.54	1 12,263,063	12,265,384 1.54

Based on percentages provided in the SSSD Financial Planning and Rate Model Schedule 2B Debt Service Cost Allocations to determine portion of GO debt attributabl to T&T (treatment and transportation) and Collection. The coverage is determined by dividing the Net Earnings per Revenue Bond Covenant by the Total Revenue Bond Debt Service. The coverage is determined by dividing the Adjusted Net Earnings by the Total System Debt Service Coverage. The Reverage is determined by dividing the Adjusted Net Earnings by the Total System Debt Service Coverage. The Reverage is determined by dividing the Adjusted Net Earnings by the Total System Debt Service Coverage. The Reverage must be at least 110% to be in compliance with the Revenue Bond Coverage.

Demographic and Economic Information

Spartanburg County Demographic Statistics

CY 2009 to CY 2018

	(1)	Personal Incon	ne (1)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Calendar	July 1		Per	Median	School	Unemployment
Year	Population	Total	Capita	Age	Enrollment	Rate
2018	313,888	\$13,543,549,000	\$ 43,148	37.8	50,706	3.1%
2017	306,854	11,873,558,000	39,386	38.2	46,385	3.7%
2016	301,463	11,501,469,000	38,686	* 38.5	47,825	3.4%
2015	297,302	10,738,530,000	33,600	* 38.4	47,298	5.8%
2014	293,542	10,252,621,000 *	34,946	* 38.5	47,306	6.4%
2013	290,969	10,033,000,000 *	35,040	38.5	46,846	7.3%
2012	288,745	9,819,000,000	33,518	35.5	44,174	8.8%
2011	286,236	9,241,000,000	31,873	38.1	42,552	9.5%
2010	284,307	8,959,000,000	22,230	37.7	44,398	11.7%
2009	286,822	8,460,000,000	29,494	37.5	43,036	12.4%

Data Sources:

- (1) U.S. Census Bureau of Economic Analysis <u>www.bea.gov</u> (CA1-3) & <u>www.census.gov</u>
- * SC Appalachian Council of Governments
- (3) U.S. Census Bureau via South Carolina <u>https://ask.census.gov</u>

Division of Research & Statistical Services

- (4) South Carolina Department of Education 135-DAY PUPIL ACCOUNTING REPORT FY2009 http://ed.sc.gov
- (5) U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor and Statistics

Spartanburg Sanitary Sewer District

Table 17

Spartanburg County, South Carolina Major Employers and Changes

FY 2019 & FY 2009

Company Name	Empl 2019	Employees and % of Workforce % 2009	5 of Workfor 2009	se %
BMW Manufacturing Corporation	11,000	7.7%	5,400	4.2%
Spartanburg County Schools	7,710	5.4%	5,185	4.0%
Spartanburg Regional Medical Center	7,500	5.2%	4,607	3.6%
Milliken & Company	4,007	2.8%	1,100	0.9%
Michelin Tire Company	3,435	2.4%	952	0.7%
Adidas	2,520	1.8%	N/A*	
State of South Carolina	2,083	1.5%	2,387	1.9%
Spartanburg County	1,622	1.1%	1,678	1.3%
DraexImaier Automotive of America LLC	1,075	0.8%	N/A*	
AFL Corporation	858	0.6%	N/A*	
Benore Logistics Systems	800	0.6%	N/A*	
Lear Corporation	800	0.6%	N/A*	
SEW - Eurodrive, Inc	750	0.5%	N/A*	
Inman Mills	200	0.5%	N/A*	
Spartanburg Steel	618	0.4%	601	0.5%

Data Source: Spartanburg County Economic Development Corporation and individual employers

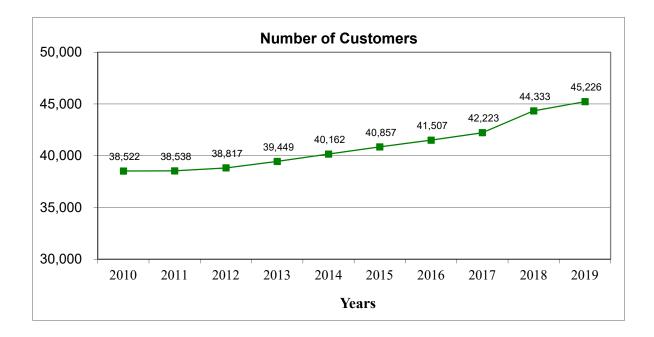
(N/A*) Data unavailable

Operating Information

Table 18

Number of District Customers

Fiscal	Total Number
Year	of Customers
2019	45,226
2018	44,333
2017	42,223
2016	41,507
2015	40,857
2014	40,162
2013	39,449
2012	38,817
2011	38,538
2010	38,522



Schedule of User Charges

FY 2019

Table 19

Meter Size	Monthly		Bimonthly
5/8"	\$	5.70	\$ 11.40
1"	\$	11.94	\$ 23.87
1-1/2"	\$	22.33	\$ 44.65
2"	\$	34.80	\$ 69.60
3"	\$	63.90	\$ 127.80
4"	\$	105.47	\$ 210.94
6"	\$	209.40	\$ 418.80
8"	\$	334.11	\$ 668.22
10"	\$	479.61	\$ 959.22

Volume Charge (per 100 gallons)

Treatment and Transportation Charge	\$ 0.483
Collection Charge	\$ 0.192
	\$ 0.675

Collection Charge is only charged to customers for which the District provides collection services.

Schedule of Capacity Fees

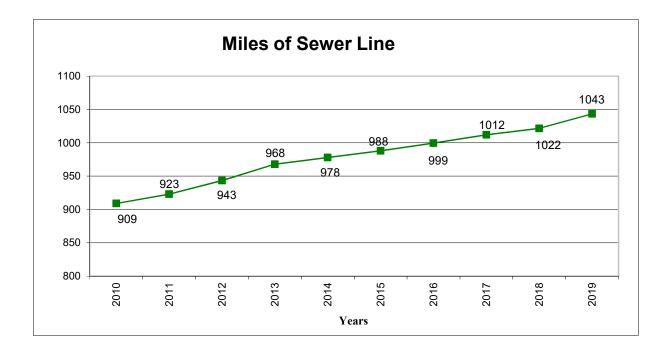
	Discharge	Capacity Fee Rates(2)
REU (1)	Gallons per Day	(\$)
1	300	450
5	1,500	1,125
15	4,500	2,250
32	9,600	3,600
75	22,500	7,200
113	33,900	8,975
150	45,000	11,250
253	75,900	17,438
355	106,500	23,625
458	137,400	29,813
560	168,000	36,000
670	201,000	39,500
780	234,000	43,000
890	267,000	46,500
1000	300,000	50,000

- (1) Capacity fees for flows not listed in the table are calculated based upon straight line interpolation between listed fees. In making the calculations, discharge flows are rounded to the nearest whole Residential Equivalent Unit ("REU") which is equal to 300 gallons per day. The wastewater discharge from a single family residence is equal to one (1) REU.
- (2) Capacity fee rates include recovery of a portion of capital costs related to collection system assets in addition to treatment plant and interceptor assets.

(76)

Miles of Sewer Line

Fiscal	Miles of	Percent
Year	Sewer Line	Increase
2010	909	0.60%
2011	923	1.54%
2012	943	2.20%
2013	968	2.61%
2014	978	1.04%
2015	988	1.02%
2016	999	1.16%
2017	1012	1.25%
2018	1022	0.95%
2019	1043	2.14%



Schedule of Treatment Plants

FY 2019

Treatment Plant	Permitted Capacity (MGD)	Average Flow (MGD)
Clifton Converse	0.290	0.158
Cowpens	1.500	0.233
Fairforest	25.000	12.271
Fingerville	0.020	0.004
Lower North Tyger River	3.100	1.336
Pacolet Mills	0.300	0.096
Page Creek	1.000	0.400
South Tyger River	1.000	0.232
	32.210	14.730

Number of Employees

Fiscal Year	Number of Employees
2010	69
2011	69
2012	69
2013	69
2014	68
2015	70
2016	73
2017	76
2018	74
2019	74

